

SEASONED WOOD GUIDE

Seasoned wood has been cut and left out to dry for a long period of time, reducing the amount of moisture and sap for optimal burning in a wood appliance. Proper seasoning affects heat output, cleaning ease, emissions and catalyst life. This guide explains how to season and store firewood.



FUEL

- Wood logs (refer to wood chart on following page) aged 12-16 months
- Best time to cut is after leaf fall, when amount of moisture in wood is lowest
- Do not use skids, pallets and treated or construction lumber; they can cause overfiring and damage to your stove or fireplace



PREPARING TO MEASURE MOISTURE

- Select 4-6 pieces from different areas of wood pile
- Split each piece just before measuring



USING THE MOISTURE METER

- Insert probes into the newly exposed surface and take a reading. No need to force it in, you're testing the surface.
- Use average of measurements taken
- 18% to 20% moisture is ideal (wetter will reduce heat; dryer will reduce burn time)
- 34% Moisture is considered too wet



RESULTS OF BURNING WET WOOD

- Low heat output
- Smoking
- Creosote build-up
- Chimney fires or worse



PROPER STORAGE & SEASONING

- Structure should be covered on top
- Structure should be open on sides to allow airflow
- Cross-stack wood evenly to allow airflow
- Do not wrap in plastic; it holds moisture in

CHOOSING THE BEST WOOD FOR YOUR STOVE

GOOD HEAT



ASH Steady flame Good heat output Best when seasoned at least one year



BEECH Dense wood Burns clean and hot Best when seasoned one to two years



BLACK LOCUST Burns efficiently Good heat output Good flame Best when seasoned at least one year



HAWTHORN Slow to burn Good heat output Best when seasoned one to two years



SUGAR MAPLE (RECOMMENDED) Burns efficiently Good heat output Best when seasoned at least one year

FAST BURN

CHESTNU

Burns easily



ALDER Burns fast Poor heat output Sweet burning aroma Best when seasoned at least one year



Burns at low heat Heavy smoke Best when seasoned at least two years



Poor burn Heavy smoke Best when seasoned 6-12 months



SYCAMORE Good flame Moderate heat Best when seasoned at least one year

SLOW BURN



APPLE Slow and steady burn Small flame size Does not spark or spit Best when seasoned at least two years CHERRY (RECOMMENDED)



Slow to burn Burns at medium heat Sweet burning aroma Best when seasoned at least one year



Dense, hard wood Slow to get going Best when seasoned two years



OAK (RECOMMENDED) Dense wood Slow to burn Low flame Best when seasoned one to two years



WALNUT Slow to burn Limited smoke Best when seasoned at least one year



YEW (RECOMMENDED) Slow to burn Good heat output Sweet burning aroma Best when seasoned two-three years



GOOD FOR KINDLING BIRCH Quick to burn Burns bright and hot



CEDAR Easy to burn Low heat output Heavy smoke and spark Best when seasoned 6-12 months

......



PINE High sap content Messy to burn Best when seasoned 6-12 months

