Heating & Glo  •  6000CLX-IFT, 8000CLX-IFT Installation Manual  •  2506-980 Rev. i  •  4/19

INSTALLER: Leave this manual with party responsible for use and operation.
OWNER: Retain this manual for future reference.

NOTICE: DO NOT discard this manual!

Models:
- 6000CLX-IFT-S
- 6000CLX-IFTLP-S
- 6000CLX-IFT-G
- 6000CLX-IFTLP-G
- 8000CLX-IFT-S
- 8000CLX-IFTLP-S
- 8000CLX-IFT-G
- 8000CLX-IFTLP-G

WARNING:
FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD
Failure to follow safety warnings exactly could result in serious injury, death, or property damage.

- DO NOT store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.
- What to do if you smell gas
  - DO NOT try to light any appliance.
  - DO NOT touch any electrical switch. DO NOT use any phone in your building.
  - Leave the building immediately.
  - Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor’s phone. Follow the gas supplier’s instructions.
  - If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.
- Installation and service must be performed by a qualified installer, service agency, or the gas supplier.

DANGER
HOT GLASS WILL CAUSE BURNS.
DO NOT TOUCH GLASS UNTIL COOLED.
NEVER ALLOW CHILDREN TO TOUCH GLASS.

A barrier designed to reduce the risk of burns from the hot viewing glass is provided with this appliance and shall be installed for the protection of children and other at-risk individuals.

This appliance may be installed as an OEM installation in manufactured home (USA only) or mobile home and must be installed in accordance with the manufacturer’s instructions and the Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standard, Title 24 CFR, Part 3280 in the United States, or the Standard for Installation in Mobile Homes, CAN/CSA Z240 MH Series, in Canada.

This appliance is only for use with the type(s) of gas indicated on the rating plate. This appliance is not convertible for use with other gases, unless a certified kit is used.

In the Commonwealth of Massachusetts installation must be performed by a licensed plumber or gas fitter.
See Table of Contents for location of additional Commonwealth of Massachusetts requirements.
Safety Alert Key:

- **DANGER!** Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided will result in death or serious injury.
- **WARNING!** Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided could result in death or serious injury.
- **CAUTION!** Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.
- **NOTICE:** Used to address practices not related to personal injury.

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> = Contains updated information.
Installation Standard Work Checklist

ATTENTION INSTALLER:
Follow this Standard Work Checklist

This standard work checklist is to be used by the installer in conjunction with, not instead of, the instructions contained in this installation manual.

Customer: ___________________________ Date Installed: ___________________________
Lot/Address: ___________________________ Location of Fireplace: ___________________________
Model (circle one): 6000CLX-IFT 8000CLX-IFT 6000CLX-IFTLP 8000CLX-IFTLP
Installer: ___________________________
Dealer/Distributor Phone #: ___________________________
Serial #: ___________________________

WARNING! Risk of Fire or Explosion! Failure to install appliance according to these instructions could lead to a fire or explosion.

Appliance Install
Verified that the chase is insulated and sealed. (Pg. 16) YES IF NO, WHY?
Required non-combustible board is installed. (Pg. 39)
Verified clearances to combustibles. (Pg. 14-15)
Fireplace is leveled and secured. (Pg. 39)

Venting/Chimney Section 7 (Pg 40-45)
Venting configuration complies to vent diagrams.
Venting installed, locked and secured in place with proper clearance.
Elbow heat shield installed per requirements. (Pg 23, 33)
Firestops installed.
Attic insulation shield installed.
Exterior wall/Roof flashing installed and sealed.
Terminations installed and sealed.

Electrical Section 8 (Pg 46-49)
Unswitched power (110-120 VAC) provided to the appliance.
Switch wires properly installed.

Gas Section 9 (Pg 50-51)
Proper appliance for fuel type.
Was a conversion performed?
Leak check performed and inlet pressure verified.
Verified proper air shutter setting for installation type.

Finishing Section 10 (Pg 52-56)
Combustible materials not installed in non-combustible areas.
Verified all clearances meet installation manual requirements.
 Mantels and wall projections comply with installation manual requirements.

Appliance Setup Section 11 (Pg 57-67)
All packaging and protective materials removed (inside & outside of appliance).
Refractories, logs, Teco-Sil, and embers installed correctly.
Glass assembly installed and secured.
Accessories installed properly.
Decorative front properly installed.
Manual bag and all of its contents are removed from inside/under the appliance and given to party responsible for use and operation.
Started appliance and verified no gas leaks exist.

Hearth & Home Technologies recommends the following:
• Photographing the installation and copying this checklist for your file.
• That this checklist remain visible at all times on the appliance until the installation is complete.

Comments: Further description of the issues, who is responsible (Installer/Builder/Other Trades, etc) and corrective action needed _____________________________________________________________________________________
_________________________________________________________________________________________________
_________________________________________________________________________________________________

Comments Communicated to party responsible ____________________ by ______________________ on ___________
(Builders / Gen. Contractor/) (Installer) (Date)

⇒ = Contains updated information.

2506-982 Rev. B 5/18


A. Appliance Certification

**MODELS:** 6000CLX-IFT-S, 6000CLX-IFTLP-S, 6000CLX-IFT-G, 6000CLX-IFTLP-G, 8000CLX-IFT-S, 8000CLX-IFTLP-S, 8000CLX-IFT-G, 8000CLX-IFTLP-G

**LABORATORY:** Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. (UL)

**TYPE:** Direct Vent Heater

**STANDARD:** ANSI Z21.88-2017 • CSA 2.33-2017

This product is listed to ANSI standards for “Vented Gas Fireplace Heaters” and applicable sections of “Gas Burning Heating Appliances for Manufactured Homes and Recreational Vehicles”, and “Gas Fired Appliances for Use at High Altitudes”.

**NOTICE:** This installation must conform with local codes. In the absence of local codes you must comply with the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1-latest edition in the U.S.A. and the CAN/CGA B149 Installation Codes in Canada.

**NOT INTENDED FOR USE AS A PRIMARY HEAT SOURCE.**

This appliance is tested and approved as either supplemental room heat or as a decorative appliance. It should not be factored as primary heat in residential heating calculations.

B. Glass Specifications

This appliance is equipped with 5 mm ceramic glass with an anti-reflective coating. Replace glass only with glass with identical specifications. Please contact your dealer for replacement glass.

C. BTU Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Models (U.S. or Canada)</th>
<th>Maximum Input BTU/h</th>
<th>Minimum Input BTU/h</th>
<th>Orifice Size (DMS)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6000CLX-IFT (NG)</td>
<td>(0-2000 FT)</td>
<td>40,000</td>
<td>22,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6000CLX-IFTLP (Propane)</td>
<td>(0-2000 FT)</td>
<td>40,000</td>
<td>21,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8000CLX-IFT (NG)</td>
<td>(0-2000 FT)</td>
<td>45,000</td>
<td>22,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8000CLX-IFTLP (Propane)</td>
<td>(0-2000 FT)</td>
<td>45,000</td>
<td>23,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

D. High Altitude Installations

**NOTICE:** If the heating value of the gas has been reduced, these rules do not apply. Check with your local gas utility or authorities having jurisdiction.

When installing above 2000 feet elevation:

- In the USA: Reduce input rate 4% for each 1000 feet above 2000 feet.
- In CANADA: Input ratings are certified without a reduction of input rate for elevations up to 4500 feet (1370 m) above sea level. Please consult provincial and/or local authorities having jurisdiction for installations at elevations above 4500 feet (1370 m).

Check with your local gas utility to determine proper orifice size.

E. Non-Combustible Materials Specification

Material which will not ignite and burn. Such materials are those consisting entirely of steel, iron, brick, tile, concrete, slate, glass or plaster, or any combination thereof.

Materials that are reported as passing ASTM E 136, Standard Test Method for Behavior of Materials in a Vertical Tube Furnace at 750 °C shall be considered non-combustible materials.

F. Combustible Materials Specification

Materials made of or surfaced with wood, compressed paper, plant fibers, plastics, or other material that can ignite and burn, whether flame proofed or not, or plastered or unplastered shall be considered combustible materials.

G. Electrical Codes

**NOTICE:** This appliance must be electrically wired and grounded in accordance with local codes or, in the absence of local codes, with National Electric Code ANSI/NFPA 70-latest edition or the Canadian Electric Code CSA C22.1.

- A 110-120 VAC circuit for this product must be protected with ground-fault circuit-interrupter protection, in compliance with the applicable electrical codes, when it is installed in locations such as in bathrooms or near sinks.

H. California

**WARNING:** This product and the fuels used to operate this product (liquid propane or natural gas), and the products of combustion of such fuels, can expose you to chemicals including benzene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and reproductive harm. For more information go to: www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.
I. Requirements for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts

For all side wall horizontally vented gas fueled equipment installed in every dwelling, building or structure used in whole or in part for residential purposes, including those owned or operated by the Commonwealth and where the side wall exhaust vent termination is less than seven (7) feet above finished grade in the area of the venting, including but not limited to decks and porches, the following requirements shall be satisfied:

Installation of Carbon Monoxide Detectors

At the time of installation of the side wall horizontal vented gas fueled equipment, the installing plumber or gas fitter shall observe that a hard wired carbon monoxide detector with an alarm and battery back-up is installed on the floor level where the gas equipment is to be installed. In addition, the installing plumber or gas fitter shall observe that a battery operated or hard wired carbon monoxide detector with an alarm is installed on each additional level of the dwelling, building or structure served by the side wall horizontal vented gas fueled equipment. It shall be the responsibility of the property owner to secure the services of qualified licensed professionals for the installation of hard wired carbon monoxide detectors.

In the event that the side wall horizontally vented gas fueled equipment is installed in a crawl space or an attic, the hard wired carbon monoxide detector with alarm and battery back-up may be installed on the next adjacent floor level. In the event that the requirements of this subdivision can not be met at the time of completion of installation, the owner shall have a period of thirty (30) days to comply with the above requirements; provided, however, that during said thirty (30) day period, a battery operated carbon monoxide detector with an alarm shall be installed.

Approved Carbon Monoxide Detectors

Each carbon monoxide detector as required in accordance with the above provisions shall comply with NFPA 720 and be ANSI/UL 2034 listed and IAS certified.

Signage

A metal or plastic identification plate shall be permanently mounted to the exterior of the building at a minimum height of eight (8) feet above grade directly in line with the exhaust vent terminal for the horizontally vented gas fueled heating appliance or equipment. The sign shall read, in print size no less than one-half (1/2) in. in size, “GAS VENT DIRECTLY BELOW. KEEP CLEAR OF ALL OBSTRUCTIONS”.

Inspection

The state or local gas inspector of the side wall horizontally vented gas fueled equipment shall not approve the installation unless, upon inspection, the inspector observes carbon monoxide detectors and signage installed in accordance with the provisions of 248 CMR 5.08(2)(a)1 through 4.

Exemptions

The following equipment is exempt from 248 CMR 5.08(2)(a)1 through 4:

- The equipment listed in Chapter 10 entitled “Equipment Not Required To Be Vented” in the most current edition of NFPA 54 as adopted by the Board; and
- Product Approved side wall horizontally vented gas fueled equipment installed in a room or structure separate from the dwelling, building or structure used in whole or in part for residential purposes.

MANUFACTURER REQUIREMENTS

Gas Equipment Venting System Provided

When the manufacturer of Product Approved side wall horizontally vented gas equipment provides a venting system design or venting system components with the equipment, the instructions provided by the manufacturer for installation of the equipment and the venting system shall include:

- Detailed instructions for the installation of the venting system design or the venting system components; and
- A complete parts list for the venting system design or venting system.

Gas Equipment Venting System NOT Provided

When the manufacturer of a Product Approved side wall horizontally vented gas fueled equipment does not provide the parts for venting the flue gases, but identifies “special venting systems”, the following requirements shall be satisfied by the manufacturer:

- The referenced “special venting system” instructions shall be included with the appliance or equipment installation instructions; and
- The “special venting systems” shall be Product Approved by the Board, and the instructions for that system shall include a parts list and detailed installation instructions.

A copy of all installation instructions for all Product Approved side wall horizontally vented gas fueled equipment, all venting instructions, all parts lists for venting instructions, and/or all venting design instructions shall remain with the appliance or equipment at the completion of the installation.

See Gas Connection section for additional Commonwealth of Massachusetts requirements.
2 Getting Started

A. Design and Installation Considerations

Heat & Glo direct vent gas appliances are designed to operate with all combustion air siphoned from outside of the building and all exhaust gases expelled to the outside. No additional outside air source is required.

Installation MUST comply with local, regional, state and national codes and regulations. Consult insurance carrier, local building inspector, fire officials or authorities having jurisdiction over restrictions, installation inspection and permits.

Before installing, determine the following:
• Where the appliance is to be installed.
• The vent system configuration to be used.
• Gas supply piping requirements.
• Provisions for optional heat management system.
• Electrical wiring requirements.
• Framing and finishing details.
• Whether optional accessories—devices such as a fan, wall switch, or remote control—are desired.

Installation and service of this appliance should be performed by qualified personnel. Hearth & Home Technologies recommends HHT Factory Trained or NFI certified professionals.

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause injury or property damage. For assistance or additional information, consult a qualified service technician, service agency or your dealer.

B. Good Faith Wall Surface

![Figure 2.1 Good Faith Wall Surface Temperatures Above Appliance](image)

If installing a television (TV) above the appliance, see Section 3 of the appliance Owner’s Manual.

NOTICE: Temperatures listed above are taken with a temperature measuring probe as prescribed by the test standard used for appliance certification. Temperatures on walls or mantels taken with an infrared thermometer may yield increased temperatures of up to 30 degrees or more depending on the thermometer settings and material characteristics being measured. Use appropriate finishing materials that are able to withstand these conditions. For additional finishing guidelines, see Section 10.

C. Tools and Supplies Needed

Before beginning the installation be sure that the following tools and building supplies are available.

Tape measure Framing material
Pliers Hammer
Phillips screwdriver Manometer
Gloves Framing square
Voltmeter Electric drill and bits (1/4 in.)
Plumb line Safety glasses
Level Reciprocating saw
Flat blade screwdriver
Non-corrosive leak check solution
1/2 - 3/4 in. length, #6 or #8 Self-drilling screws
Caulking material (300 °F minimum continuous exposure rating)
One 1/4 in. female connection (for optional fan).
D. Inspect Appliance and Components

- Carefully remove the appliance and components from the packaging.
- The vent system components and decorative doors and fronts may be shipped in separate packages.
- If packaged separately, the log set and appliance grate must be installed.
- Report to your dealer any parts damaged in shipment, particularly the condition of the glass.
- This product is factory-equipped with an IntelliFire™ Touch remote control, which was paired to the appliance at the factory. This specific remote control needs to remain with the contents of the manual bag. Do not install batteries in the remote control until performing the final appliance setup and checklist.

- **Read all of the instructions before starting the installation.** Follow these instructions carefully during the installation to ensure maximum safety and benefit.

**WARNING! Risk of Fire or Explosion!** Damaged parts could impair safe operation. DO NOT install damaged, incomplete or substitute components. Keep appliance dry.

```
Hearth & Home Technologies disclaims any responsibility for, and the warranty will be voided by, the following actions:

- Installation and use of any damaged appliance or vent system component.
- Modification of the appliance or vent system.
- Installation other than as instructed by Hearth & Home Technologies.
- Improper positioning of the gas logs or the glass assembly.
- Installation and/or use of any component part not approved by Hearth & Home Technologies.

Any such action may cause a fire hazard.
```

**WARNING! Risk of Fire, Explosion or Electric Shock!**

DO NOT use this appliance if any part has been under water. Call a qualified service technician to inspect the appliance and to replace any part of the control system and/or gas control which has been under water.
3 Framing and Clearances

A. Appliance/Decorative Front Dimension Diagrams
Dimensions are actual appliance dimensions. Use for reference only. For framing dimensions and clearances refer to Section 5.

Appliance Dimensions Table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Inches</th>
<th>Millimeters</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>1041</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>36-1/8</td>
<td>918</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>33-1/2</td>
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<td>D</td>
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<tr>
<td>E</td>
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<td>57</td>
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<tr>
<td>F</td>
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<tr>
<td>G</td>
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<td>683</td>
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<tr>
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<td>1013</td>
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<tr>
<td>J</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>533</td>
</tr>
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</table>

Figure 3.1 Appliance Dimensions - 6000 CLX Models
Appliance Dimensions Table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Inches</th>
<th>Millimeters</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
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<td>1219</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>43-1/8</td>
<td>1096</td>
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<tr>
<td>C</td>
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<td>G</td>
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<td>H</td>
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<td>1064</td>
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<td>J</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>533</td>
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<table>
<thead>
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<th>Location</th>
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<th>Millimeters</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>297</td>
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<tr>
<td>L</td>
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<td>M</td>
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<td>P</td>
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<td>S</td>
<td>14-1/16</td>
<td>357</td>
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<td>T</td>
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<td>433</td>
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</table>

Figure 3.2 Appliance Dimensions - 8000 CLX Models
### FOLIO DECORATIVE FRONTS

![Diagram of Folio Decorative Fronts]

**Table:** Decorative Front Dimensions - Folio and Arcadia

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>D</th>
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</thead>
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<td>in.</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>in.</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>in.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6000</td>
<td>32-7/16</td>
<td>824</td>
<td>35-13/16</td>
<td>910</td>
<td>8-1/4</td>
<td>210</td>
<td>33-9/16</td>
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<tr>
<td>FOL-36</td>
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<td>38</td>
<td>816</td>
<td>853</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>8000</td>
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<td>1002</td>
<td>42-13/16</td>
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<td>1-1/2</td>
<td>38</td>
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<td>907</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### ARCADIA DECORATIVE FRONTS

![Diagram of Arcadia Decorative Fronts]

**Table:** Decorative Front Dimensions - Folio and Arcadia

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>D</th>
<th>E</th>
<th>F</th>
<th>G</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>in.</td>
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<td>mm</td>
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<td>in.</td>
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<td>6000</td>
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<td>ARC-36</td>
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<td>1002</td>
<td>44-1/4</td>
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<td>ARC-42</td>
<td>22-7/16</td>
<td>570</td>
<td>1-1/4</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>884</td>
<td>916</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Figure 3.3 Decorative Front Dimensions - Folio and Arcadia*
HALSTON DECORATIVE FRONTS

Figure 3.4 Decorative Front Dimensions - Halston and Chateau

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>D</th>
<th>E</th>
<th>F</th>
<th>G</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6000</td>
<td>HAL-36</td>
<td>in.</td>
<td>32-7/16</td>
<td>21-1/4</td>
<td>37-1/4</td>
<td>1-1/4</td>
<td>7-1/4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>824</td>
<td>540</td>
<td>946</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>184</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8000</td>
<td>HAL-42</td>
<td>in.</td>
<td>39-7/16</td>
<td>23-1/8</td>
<td>44-1/4</td>
<td>1-1/4</td>
<td>7-1/4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>1002</td>
<td>587</td>
<td>1124</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>184</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CHATEAU DECORATIVE FRONTS

Figure 3.4 Decorative Front Dimensions - Halston and Chateau

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>D</th>
<th>E</th>
<th>F</th>
<th>G</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6000</td>
<td>CHA-36</td>
<td>in.</td>
<td>20-1/2</td>
<td>32-7/16</td>
<td>37-1/4</td>
<td>1-1/2</td>
<td>7-7/8</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>521</td>
<td>824</td>
<td>946</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8000</td>
<td>CHA-42</td>
<td>in.</td>
<td>22-7/16</td>
<td>39-7/16</td>
<td>44-1/8</td>
<td>1-1/4</td>
<td>7-7/8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>570</td>
<td>1002</td>
<td>1121</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### CHATEAU FORGE DECORATIVE FRONTS

![Diagram of Chateau Forge Decorative Fronts]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Model Code</th>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>D</th>
<th>E</th>
<th>F</th>
<th>G</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6000</td>
<td>CHAF-36</td>
<td>32-1/4</td>
<td>20-3/4</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>1-3/16</td>
<td>7-9/16</td>
<td>32-7/8</td>
<td>34-1/8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6000</td>
<td>819</td>
<td>527</td>
<td>940</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>192</td>
<td>835</td>
<td>867</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8000</td>
<td>997</td>
<td>575</td>
<td>1118</td>
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<td>194</td>
<td>883</td>
<td>914</td>
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</table>

### GALLERIA DECORATIVE FRONTS

![Diagram of Galleria Decorative Fronts]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Model Code</th>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>D</th>
<th>E</th>
<th>F</th>
<th>G</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6000</td>
<td>GALLERIA-6</td>
<td>31-9/16</td>
<td>20-7/8</td>
<td>37-1/8</td>
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<td>32-7/8</td>
<td>34-1/16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6000</td>
<td>802</td>
<td>530</td>
<td>943</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>191</td>
<td>835</td>
<td>865</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8000</td>
<td>GALLERIA-8</td>
<td>38-9/16</td>
<td>22-3/4</td>
<td>44-1/16</td>
<td>1-1/4</td>
<td>7-1/2</td>
<td>34-3/4</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8000</td>
<td>979</td>
<td>578</td>
<td>1121</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>191</td>
<td>883</td>
<td>914</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Figure 3.5 Decorative Front Dimensions - Chateau Forge and Galleria
### CLEAN FACE DECORATIVE FRONTS

![Diagram of Clean Face Decorative Fronts]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>D</th>
<th>E</th>
<th>F</th>
<th>G</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6000</td>
<td>31-9/16</td>
<td>22-1/8</td>
<td>35-13/16</td>
<td>3-1/2</td>
<td>4-9/16</td>
<td>26-13/16</td>
<td>28-15/16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>in.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>802</td>
<td>562</td>
<td>910</td>
<td>89</td>
<td>116</td>
<td>681</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8000</td>
<td>38-1/2</td>
<td>24-1/16</td>
<td>42-3/16</td>
<td>3-1/2</td>
<td>4-9/16</td>
<td>28-11/16</td>
<td>30-13/16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>in.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>978</td>
<td>611</td>
<td>1086</td>
<td>89</td>
<td>116</td>
<td>729</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### IRON AGE DECORATIVE FRONTS

![Diagram of Iron Age Decorative Fronts]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>D</th>
<th>E</th>
<th>F</th>
<th>G</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6000</td>
<td>31-9/16</td>
<td>22-1/8</td>
<td>35-13/16</td>
<td>3-1/2</td>
<td>6-3/4</td>
<td>32-7/8</td>
<td>34-1/8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>in.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>802</td>
<td>562</td>
<td>910</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>172</td>
<td>835</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8000</td>
<td>38-1/2</td>
<td>24-1/16</td>
<td>42-3/16</td>
<td>3-1/2</td>
<td>6-3/4</td>
<td>34-13/16</td>
<td>36-1/16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>in.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>978</td>
<td>611</td>
<td>1086</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>172</td>
<td>884</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Figure 3.6 Decorative Front Dimensions - Clean Face and Iron Age**
B. Clearances to Combustibles

When selecting a location for the appliance it is important to consider the required clearances to walls (see Figure 3.7).

**WARNING! Risk of Fire or Burns!** Provide adequate clearance around air openings and for service access. Due to high temperatures, the appliance should be located out of traffic and away from furniture and draperies.

**NOTICE:** Illustrations reflect typical installations and are FOR DESIGN PURPOSES ONLY. Illustrations/diagrams are not drawn to scale. Actual installation may vary due to individual design preference.

---

**Figure 3.7 Appliance Locations**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>D</th>
<th>E</th>
<th>F</th>
<th>G</th>
<th>H</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6000 in.</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>56-5/8</td>
<td>See Section 10.B Mantel Projections</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>17-3/4</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1295</td>
<td>1067</td>
<td>1829</td>
<td>1438</td>
<td>559</td>
<td>451</td>
<td>203</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1419</td>
<td>1245</td>
<td>2007</td>
<td>1562</td>
<td>559</td>
<td>502</td>
<td>254</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**MINIMUM FRAMING DIMENSIONS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Models</th>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C**</th>
<th>D</th>
<th>E</th>
<th>F</th>
<th>G</th>
<th>H</th>
<th>I</th>
<th>J</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6000</td>
<td>in.</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>40-1/8</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1/2</td>
<td>1/2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>254</td>
<td>1019</td>
<td>559</td>
<td>1067</td>
<td>813</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8000</td>
<td>in.</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>42-1/8</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1/2</td>
<td>1/2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>254</td>
<td>1070</td>
<td>559</td>
<td>1245</td>
<td>813</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Adjust framing dimensions for interior sheathing (such as sheetrock)
C** Add 12 inches for rear venting with one 90° elbow.
C. Constructing the Appliance Chase

A chase is a vertical box-like structure built to enclose the gas appliance and/or its vent system. In cooler climates the vent should be enclosed inside the chase.

**NOTICE:** Treatment of ceiling firestops and wall shield firestops and construction of the chase may vary with the type of building. These instructions are not substitutes for the requirements of local building codes. Therefore, you MUST check local building codes to determine the requirements to these steps.

**NOTICE:** When installing a sprinkler head in a fireplace chase, it is recommended to use a sprinkler head with a sprinkler activation temperature classified as Extra High. Keep sprinkler head away from vent and chimney.

Chases should be constructed and insulated in the same manner as the thermal envelope of the home based on the code requirements for that climate zone to prevent air leakage and draft problems. The chase is an extension of the building thermal envelope.

To further prevent drafts and air leakage, the wall shield and ceiling firestops should be caulked with caulk with a minimum of 300 °F continuous exposure rating to seal gaps. Gas line holes and other openings should be caulked with caulk with a minimum of 300 °F continuous exposure rating or stuffed with unfaced insulation. If the appliance is being installed on a cement surface, a layer of plywood may be placed underneath to prevent conducting cold up into the room.

**NOTICE:** Install appliance on hard metal or wood surfaces extending full width and depth. DO NOT install directly on carpeting, vinyl, tile or any combustible material other than wood.

**WARNING! Risk of Fire!** Maintain specified air space clearances to appliance and vent pipe:

- Insulation and other materials must be secured to prevent accidental contact.
- The chase must be properly blocked to prevent blown insulation or other combustibles from entering and making contact with fireplace or chimney.
- Failure to maintain airspace may cause overheating and a fire.
**A. Vent Termination Minimum Clearances**

**WARNING**

Fire Risk.
Maintain vent clearance to combustibles as specified.

- **DO NOT** pack air space with insulation or other materials.
Failure to keep insulation or other materials away from vent pipe could cause overheating and fire.

**Figure 4.1 Minimum Height From Roof to Lowest Discharge Opening**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Roof Pitch</th>
<th>H (Min.) Ft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flat to 6/12</td>
<td>1.0*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 6/12 to 7/12</td>
<td>1.25*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 7/12 to 8/12</td>
<td>1.5*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 8/12 to 9/12</td>
<td>2.0*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 9/12 to 10/12</td>
<td>2.5*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 10/12 to 11/12</td>
<td>3.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 11/12 to 12/12</td>
<td>4.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 12/12 to 14/12</td>
<td>5.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 14/12 to 16/12</td>
<td>6.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 16/12 to 18/12</td>
<td>7.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 18/12 to 20/12</td>
<td>7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 20/12 to 21/12</td>
<td>8.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* H minimum may vary depending on regional snowfall. Refer to local codes.

**Figure 4.2 Staggered Termination Caps**

**Table 4.2**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6 in. (minimum) up to 20 in. 152 mm/508 mm</td>
<td>18 in. minimum 457 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 in. and over</td>
<td>0 in. minimum</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* If using decorative cap cover(s), this distance may need to be increased. Refer to the installation instructions supplied with the decorative cap cover.

**WARNING**

Gas, Wood or Fuel Oil Termination Cap

If a staggered installation with both gas and wood or fuel oil terminations, the wood or fuel oil termination cap must be higher than the gas termination cap.
B. Chimney Diagram

**V** = VENT TERMINAL

**X** = AIR SUPPLY INLET

**H or i** = AREA WHERE TERMINAL IS NOT PERMITTED

A = 12 inches clearance above grade, veranda, porch, deck or balcony

B = 9 inches (U.S.A)

12 inches (Canada) clearance to window or door that may be opened, or to permanently closed window

C = 18 inches clearance below unventilated soffit

18 inches clearance below ventilated soffit

30 inches clearance below vinyl soffits and electrical service

D = 9 inches clearance to outside corner

E = 6 inches clearance to inside corner

F = 3 ft. (Canada) not to be installed above a gas meter/regulator assembly within 3 feet horizontally from the center-line of the regulator

G = 3 ft clearance to gas service regulator vent outlet

H = 9 inches (U.S.A)

12 inches (Canada) clearance to non-mechanical (unpowered) air supply inlet, combustion air inlet or direct-vent termination

i = 3 ft. (U.S.A.)

6 ft. (Canada) clearance to a mechanical (powered) air supply inlet

All mechanical air intakes within 10 feet of a termination cap must be a minimum of 3 feet below termination.

J = 7 ft. On public property: clearance above paved sidewalk or a paved driveway. A vent shall not terminate directly above a sidewalk or paved driveway which is located between two single family dwellings and serves both dwellings.

K = 6 inches clearance from sides of electrical service

L = 12 inches clearance above electrical service

Location of the vent termination must not interfere with access to the electrical service.

M = 18 inches clearance under veranda, porch, deck, balcony or overhang

42 inches vinyl or composite overhang Permitted when veranda, porch, deck or balcony is fully open on a minimum of 2 sides beneath the floor.

**Covered Alcove Applications**

(Spaces open only on one side and with an overhang)

N = 6 inches ......... non-vinyl sidewalls

12 inches ......... vinyl sidewalls

O = 18 inches ......... non-vinyl soffit and overhang

42 inches ......... vinyl soffit and overhang

P = 8 ft.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Q&lt;sub&gt;MIN&lt;/sub&gt;</th>
<th>R&lt;sub&gt;MAX&lt;/sub&gt;</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 cap</td>
<td>3 feet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 caps</td>
<td>6 feet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 caps</td>
<td>9 feet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 caps</td>
<td>12 feet</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\[ Q_{\text{MIN}} = \# \text{ termination caps} \times 3 \quad R_{\text{MAX}} = \frac{2}{\# \text{ termination caps}} \times Q_{\text{ACTUAL}} \]

Measure vertical clearances from this surface.

Measure horizontal clearances from this surface.

**CAUTION! Risk of Burns!** Termination caps are HOT, consider proximity to doors, traffic areas or where people may pass or gather (sidewalk, deck, patio, etc.). Listed cap shields available. Contact your dealer.

- Local codes or regulations may require different clearances.
- Vent system termination is **NOT** permitted in screened porches.
- Vent system termination is permitted in porch areas with two or more sides open.
- Hearth & Home Technologies assumes no responsibility for the improper performance of the appliance when the venting system does not meet these requirements.
- Vinyl protection kits are suggested for use with vinyl siding.

Figure 4.3 Minimum Clearances for Termination
C. Approved Pipe

This appliance is approved for use with Hearth & Home Technologies DVP or SLP venting systems. Refer to Section 12.A for vent component information and dimensions.

**DO NOT** mix pipe, fittings or joining methods from different manufacturers.

The pipe is tested to be run inside an enclosed wall. There is no requirement for inspection openings at each joint within the wall.

**WARNING! Risk of Fire or Asphyxiation.** This appliance requires a separate vent. **DO NOT** vent to a pipe serving a separate solid fuel burning appliance.
D. Use of Elbows

Diagonal runs have both vertical and horizontal vent aspects when calculating the effects. Use the rise for the vertical aspect and the run for the horizontal aspect. See Figure 4.4.

Two 45º elbows may be used in place of one 90º elbow. On 45º runs, one foot of diagonal is equal to 8-1/2 in. (216 mm) horizontal run and 8-1/2 in. (216 mm) vertical run. A length of straight pipe is allowed between two 45º elbows. See Figure 4.4.

Figure 4.5 shows the vertical and horizontal offsets for DVP or SLP elbows.

![Figure 4.4](image)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SLP Pipe</th>
<th>Effective Length</th>
<th>Rise/Run</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Inches</td>
<td>Millimeters</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SLP4</td>
<td>4</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>SLP6</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>152</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SLP12</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>305</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SLP24</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>610</td>
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<tr>
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<td>36</td>
<td>914</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SLP48</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>1219</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SLP6A</td>
<td>3 to 6</td>
<td>76 to 152</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SLP12A</td>
<td>3 to 12</td>
<td>76 to 305</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DVP Pipe</th>
<th>Effective Length</th>
<th>Rise/Run</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Inches</td>
<td>Millimeters</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DVP4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>102</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DVP6</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>152</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DVP12</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>305</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DVP24</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>610</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DVP36</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>914</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DVP48</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>1219</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DVP6A</td>
<td>3 to 6</td>
<td>76 to 152</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DVP12A</td>
<td>3 to 12</td>
<td>76 to 305</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vent Type</th>
<th>X</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Inches</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DVP</td>
<td>16-1/4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SLP</td>
<td>11-1/4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

![Figure 4.5](image)
E. Measuring Standards

Vertical and horizontal measurements listed in the vent diagrams were made using the following standards:

• Pipe measurements are shown using the effective length of pipe. See Section 12.A (Figure 12.1 for DVP, Figure 12.7 for SLP) for information on effective length of pipe components.

• Horizontal terminations are measured to the outside mounting surface (flange of termination cap) (see Figure 4.6).

• Vertical terminations are measured to top of last section of pipe. See Figure 4.7.

• Horizontal pipe installed level with no rise.
F. Vent Diagrams

General Rules:

- SUBTRACT 3 ft. from the total H measurement for each 90° elbow installed horizontally.
- SUBTRACT 1 1/2 ft. from the total H measurement for each 45° elbow installed horizontally.
- A maximum of three 90° elbows (or six 45° elbows) may be used in any vent configuration. Some elbows may be installed horizontally. See Figure 4.17.
- Elbows may be placed back to back anywhere in the system.
- Any 90° elbow may be replaced with two back to back 45° elbows.
- When penetrating a combustible wall, a wall shield firestop must be installed.
- When penetrating a combustible ceiling, a ceiling firestop must be installed.
- Horizontal runs of vent do not require vertical rise; horizontal runs may be level.
- Horizontal termination cap should have a 1/4 inch downward slant to allow any moisture in cap to be released. See Figure 4.8.

Note: The 6000/8000 series fireplaces can adapt to SLP series vent pipe, if desired.

When venting off the top of the unit, use a DVP-2SL adapter and a minimum 48 inch vertical section of SLP series vent pipe.
A DVP-SLP24 adapter may also be used with a 24 inch vertical section of SLP series vent pipe.

After the 48 inch vertical section, the venting table rules must be followed. The first 48 inch vertical section is NOT counted as part of the vertical components in the table. It is still counted as part of the overall maximum run. All venting table rules for the vent run must still be followed.

Example: DVP pipe 3 ft. min. vertical = 11 ft. max. horizontal
SLP pipe 7 ft. min. vertical = 11 ft. max. horizontal
Top Vent - Horizontal Termination
One Elbow

Note: For corner installations: A 6 inch (152 mm) section of straight pipe may need to be attached to the appliance before a 90° elbow, to allow the vent pipe to clear the top standoffs.

WARNING! Risk of Fire! Elbow heat shield required when \( V_1 = 2 \text{ ft. or less.} \) Clearances to combustibles must be maintained. See Section 5.A.

### 6000 MODELS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>( V_1 ) Minimum</th>
<th>( H_1 ) Maximum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Elbow only</td>
<td>2 ft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 ft.</td>
<td>305 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 ft.</td>
<td>610 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 ft.</td>
<td>914 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 ft.</td>
<td>1.2 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 ft.</td>
<td>1.5 m</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\( V_1 + H_1 = 40 \text{ ft. (12.2 m) Maximum} \)

\( H_1 = 20 \text{ ft. (6.1 m) Maximum} \)

### 8000 MODELS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>( V_1 ) Minimum</th>
<th>( H_1 ) Maximum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Elbow only</td>
<td>1 ft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 ft.</td>
<td>305 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 ft.</td>
<td>610 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 ft.</td>
<td>914 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 ft.</td>
<td>1.2 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 ft.</td>
<td>1.5 m</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\( V_1 + H_1 = 40 \text{ ft. (12.2 m) Maximum} \)

\( H_1 = 20 \text{ ft. (6.1 m) Maximum} \)

---

Figure 4.9
Top Vent - Horizontal Termination - (continued)

Two Elbows

**Note:** For corner installations: A 6 in. (152 mm) section of straight pipe may need to be attached to the appliance before a 90° elbow, to allow the vent pipe to clear the top standoffs.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Elbow only</th>
<th>Not allowed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>6000CLX</strong></td>
<td><strong>8000CLX</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>V₁, Minimum</strong></td>
<td><strong>H₁ + H₂, Maximum</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 in.</td>
<td>152 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 ft.</td>
<td>305 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 ft.</td>
<td>610 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 ft.</td>
<td>914 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 ft.</td>
<td>1.2 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 ft.</td>
<td>1.8 m</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**V₁ + H₁ + H₂ = 40 ft. (12.2 m) Maximum**

**H₁ + H₂ = 20 ft. (6.1 m) Maximum**

---

![Diagram of top vent horizontal termination with two elbows](image)

**Figure 4.10**
Figure 4.11

### Three Elbows

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>$V_1$ Min.</th>
<th>$H_1$ Max.</th>
<th>$V_2$ Min.</th>
<th>$H_2$ Max.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Elbow only</td>
<td>1 ft.</td>
<td>305 mm</td>
<td>0 in.</td>
<td>0 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1 ft.</td>
<td>305 mm</td>
<td>0 in.</td>
<td>0 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 in.</td>
<td>152 mm</td>
<td>2 ft.</td>
<td>610 mm</td>
<td>2 ft.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 ft.</td>
<td>305 mm</td>
<td>4 ft.</td>
<td>1.2 m</td>
<td>4 ft.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 ft.</td>
<td>610 mm</td>
<td>8 ft.</td>
<td>2.4 m</td>
<td>8 ft.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 ft.</td>
<td>914 mm</td>
<td>12 ft.*</td>
<td>3.7 m*</td>
<td>12 ft.*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 ft.</td>
<td>1.2 m</td>
<td>16 ft.*</td>
<td>4.9 m*</td>
<td>16 ft.*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

$H_1 + H_2 = 20$ ft. (6.1 m) Maximum

$V_1 + V_2 + H_1 + H_2 = 40$ ft. (12.2 m) Maximum
Top Vent - Vertical Termination

No Elbow

V₁ = 40 ft. Max. (12.4 m)
V₁ = 3 ft. Min. (914 mm)

Note: If installing a vertical vent/termination off the top of the appliance, the flue restrictor should be used.

Flue Restrictor Instructions

1. Remove the top piece of refractory, if already installed. See Figure 4.13.

2. Orientate and align the two pieces of the flue restrictor as shown in Figure 4.15.

3. Match the amount of vertical you have in the system with the chart to find the appropriate position to set the flue restrictor. See Figure 4.14 and 4.15.

4. Center the two flue restrictor pieces on the vent at the setting selected in step 3 and secure in place by using two self-tapping screws. See Figure 4.13.

5. Reinstall the refractory.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vertical</th>
<th>TOP VENT</th>
<th>REAR VENT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>NG</td>
<td>Propane</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 ft.</td>
<td>1-1</td>
<td>No Restrictor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8 ft.</td>
<td>2-2</td>
<td>1-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15 ft.</td>
<td>3-2</td>
<td>3-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 ft.</td>
<td>3-2</td>
<td>3-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25 ft.</td>
<td>3-2</td>
<td>3-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30 ft.</td>
<td>3-3</td>
<td>3-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35 ft.</td>
<td>3-4</td>
<td>3-4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40 ft.</td>
<td>3-4</td>
<td>3-4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Top Vent - Vertical Termination (continued)

Note: If the DVP-2SL or DVP-SLP24 adapter is used with SLP pipe, you MUST subtract one number from the table in Figure 4.14.

Example: Top vent 40 ft vertical with DVP pipe = 3-4
Top vent 40 ft vertical with SLP pipe = 2-3

Figure 4.15. Setting the Flue Restrictor

Two Elbows

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>$V_1$</th>
<th>$H_1$ Maximum</th>
<th>$V_2$</th>
<th>$V_1 + V_2$ Min.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Elbow only</td>
<td>2 ft</td>
<td>610 mm</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 in.</td>
<td>152 mm</td>
<td>6 ft.</td>
<td>1.8 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 ft.</td>
<td>610 mm</td>
<td>11 ft.</td>
<td>3.4 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 ft.</td>
<td>914 mm</td>
<td>16 ft.</td>
<td>4.9 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 ft.</td>
<td>1.2 m</td>
<td>20 ft.</td>
<td>6.1 m</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

$V_1 + V_2 + H_1 = 50$ ft. (15.2 m) Maximum

*No specific restrictions on this value EXCEPT $V_1 + V_2 + H_1$ cannot exceed 50 ft (15.2 m)

Figure 4.16
Top Vent - Vertical Termination - (continued)

Three Elbows

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>$V_1$</th>
<th>$H_1 + H_2$</th>
<th>$V_2$</th>
<th>$V_1 + V_2$ Minimum</th>
<th>$H_1 + H_2$ Maximum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Elbow only</td>
<td>1 ft</td>
<td>305 mm</td>
<td></td>
<td>*</td>
<td>1 ft. 305 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 in.</td>
<td>152 mm</td>
<td>2 ft. 610 mm</td>
<td></td>
<td>*</td>
<td>2 ft. 610 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 ft.</td>
<td>305 mm</td>
<td>2 ft. 610 mm</td>
<td></td>
<td>*</td>
<td>2 ft. 610 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 ft.</td>
<td>610 mm</td>
<td>4 ft. 1.2 m</td>
<td></td>
<td>*</td>
<td>4 ft. 1.2 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 ft.</td>
<td>914 mm</td>
<td>9 ft. 2.7 m</td>
<td></td>
<td>*</td>
<td>9 ft. 2.7 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 ft.</td>
<td>1.2 m</td>
<td>18 ft. 5.5 m</td>
<td></td>
<td>*</td>
<td>18 ft. 5.5 m</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

$H_1 + H_2 = 18$ ft. (5.5 m) Maximum $V_1 + V_2 + H_1 + H_2 = 40$ ft. (12.2 m) Maximum

* No specific restrictions on this value EXCEPT $V_1 + V_2 + H_1 + H_2$ cannot exceed 40 ft. (12.2 m).
Rear Vent - Horizontal Termination

No Elbow

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>H, Maximum</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6000CLX</td>
<td>16 in. (406 mm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8000CLX</td>
<td>12 in. (305 mm)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Do not use a 45° elbow in corner installations. Use two 90° elbows instead.

One 45° Elbow
Rear Vent - Horizontal Termination - (continued)

### Two Elbows

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>( H_1 ) Maximum</th>
<th>( V_1 ) Minimum</th>
<th>( H_2 )</th>
<th>( H_1 + H_2 ) Maximum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6 in. 152 mm</td>
<td>Back to Back 90º Elbows</td>
<td>1 ft. 305 mm</td>
<td>1.5 ft. 457 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 ft. 305 mm</td>
<td>6 in. 152 mm</td>
<td>1.5 ft. 457 mm</td>
<td>2.5 ft. 762 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 ft. 610 mm</td>
<td>1 ft. 305 mm</td>
<td>2 ft. 610 mm</td>
<td>4 ft. 1.2 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 ft. 914 mm</td>
<td>2 ft. 610 mm</td>
<td>3 ft. 914 mm</td>
<td>6 ft. 1.8 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 ft. 914 mm</td>
<td>3 ft. 914 mm</td>
<td>7 ft. 2.1 m</td>
<td>10 ft. 3.0 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 ft. 914 mm</td>
<td>4 ft. 1.2 m</td>
<td>12 ft. 3.7 m</td>
<td>15 ft. 4.6 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 ft. 914 mm</td>
<td>5 ft. 1.5 m</td>
<td>17 ft. 5.2 m</td>
<td>20 ft.* 6.1 m*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\( V_1 + H_1 + H_2 = 40 \text{ ft. (12.2 m) Maximum} \quad H_1 = 3 \text{ ft. (914 mm) Maximum} \quad H_1 + H_2 = 20 \text{ ft (6.1 m) Maximum} \)

### Three Elbows

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>( H_1 ) Maximum</th>
<th>( V_1 ) Minimum</th>
<th>( H_2 + H_3 )</th>
<th>( H_1 + H_2 + H_3 ) Max.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0 ft. 0 mm</td>
<td>Back to Back 90º Elbows</td>
<td>1 ft. 305 mm</td>
<td>1 ft. 305 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 ft. 305 mm</td>
<td>6 in. 152 mm</td>
<td>1.5 ft. 457 mm</td>
<td>2.5 ft. 762 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 ft. 610 mm</td>
<td>1 ft. 305 mm</td>
<td>2 ft. 610 mm</td>
<td>4 ft. 1.2 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 ft. 914 mm</td>
<td>2 ft. 610 mm</td>
<td>3 ft. 914 mm</td>
<td>6 ft. 1.8 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 ft. 914 mm</td>
<td>3 ft. 914 mm</td>
<td>7 ft. 2.1 m</td>
<td>10 ft. 3.0 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 ft. 914 mm</td>
<td>4 ft. 1.2 m</td>
<td>12 ft. 3.7 m</td>
<td>15 ft. 4.6 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 ft. 914 mm</td>
<td>5 ft. 1.5 m</td>
<td>17 ft. 5.2 m</td>
<td>20 ft. 6.1 m*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\( V_1 + H_1 + H_2 + H_3 = 40 \text{ ft. (12.2 m) Maximum} \quad H_1 = 3 \text{ ft. (914 mm) Maximum} \quad H_1 + H_2 + H_3 = 20 \text{ ft (6.1 m) Maximum} \)

Figure 4.20

Figure 4.21
Rear Vent - Vertical Termination

One Elbow

![Diagram of One Elbow]

Two Elbows

![Diagram of Two Elbows]

---

### Table: One Elbow

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>$V_1$ Minimum</th>
<th>$H_1$ Maximum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6 in. 152 mm</td>
<td>2 ft. 610 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 ft. 305 mm</td>
<td>3 ft. 914 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 ft. 610 mm</td>
<td>5 ft. 1.5 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 ft. 914 mm</td>
<td>7 ft. 2.1 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 ft. 1.2 m</td>
<td>8 ft. 2.4 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 ft. 1.5 m</td>
<td>8 ft. 2.4 m</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

$V_1 + H_1 = 40$ ft. (12.2 m) Maximum

$H_1 = 8$ ft. (2.4 m) Maximum

---

### Table: Two Elbows

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>$V_1$ Minimum</th>
<th>$H_1 + H_2$ Maximum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Back to Back 90° Elbows</td>
<td>3 ft. 914 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 ft. 610 mm</td>
<td>6 ft. 1.8 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 ft. 1.2 m</td>
<td>9 ft. 2.7 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 ft. 1.8 m</td>
<td>12 ft. 3.7 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8 ft. 2.4 m</td>
<td>15 ft. 4.6 m</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

$V_1 + H_1 + H_2 = 40$ ft. (12.2 m) Maximum

$H_1 + H_2 = 15$ ft. (4.6 m) Maximum
Rear Vent - Vertical Termination - (continued)

### Three Elbows

![Figure 4.24](image)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>$H_1$ Maximum</th>
<th>$V_1$ Minimum</th>
<th>$H_2$</th>
<th>$H_1 + H_2$ Maximum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2 ft</td>
<td>610 mm</td>
<td>6 in.</td>
<td>152 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 ft</td>
<td>610 mm</td>
<td>4 ft.</td>
<td>1.2 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 ft</td>
<td>914 mm</td>
<td>1 ft.</td>
<td>305 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 ft</td>
<td>1.2 m</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 ft</td>
<td>1.5 m</td>
<td>2 ft.</td>
<td>610 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 ft</td>
<td>1.8 m</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7 ft</td>
<td>2.1 m</td>
<td>3 ft.</td>
<td>914 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8 ft</td>
<td>2.4 m</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8 ft</td>
<td>2.4 m</td>
<td>4 ft.</td>
<td>1.2 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 ft</td>
<td>3.1 m</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 ft</td>
<td>3.1 m</td>
<td>8 ft.</td>
<td>2.4 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 ft</td>
<td>3.1 m</td>
<td>8 ft.</td>
<td>2.4 m</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

$H_1 = 8$ ft (2.4 m) Maximum  \( V_1 + V_2 + H_1 + H_2 = 40$ ft (12.2 m) Maximum  \( H_1 + H_2 = 18$ ft (5.5 m) Maximum

**Figure 4.25**

### Three Elbows

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>$H_1$</th>
<th>$H_2$</th>
<th>$H_3$</th>
<th>$V_1$ Minimum</th>
<th>$H_1 + H_2 + H_3$ Maximum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>*</td>
<td>*</td>
<td>*</td>
<td>8 ft. 2.4 m</td>
<td>6 ft. 1.8 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*</td>
<td>*</td>
<td>*</td>
<td>9 ft. 2.7 m</td>
<td>7 ft. 2.1 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*</td>
<td>*</td>
<td>*</td>
<td>10 ft. 3.1 m</td>
<td>8 ft. 2.4 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*</td>
<td>*</td>
<td>*</td>
<td>10 ft. 3.1 m</td>
<td>8 ft. 2.4 m</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

$V_1 + H_1 + H_2 + H_3 = 40$ ft (12.2 m) Maximum

*No specific restrictions on this value EXCEPT

$V_1 + H_1 + H_2 + H_3$ cannot exceed 40 ft (12.2 m) Maximum

$H_1 + H_2 + H_3 = 8$ ft (2.4 m) Maximum

INSTALLED HORIZONTALLY
**A. Pipe Clearances to Combustibles**

**WARNING! Risk of Fire!** Maintain air space clearance to vent. **DO NOT** pack insulation or other combustibles:

- Between ceiling firestops
- Between wall shield firestops
- Around vent system

Failure to keep insulation or other material away from vent pipe could cause overheating and fire.

**WARNING! Risk of Fire!** Elbow heat shield required when \( V_1 = 2 \text{ ft.} \) or less. Clearances to combustibles must be maintained. See Figure 4.9.

---

**Note:** Heat shields MUST overlap by a minimum of 1-1/2 in. (38 mm).

- **DVP heat shield** - designed to be used on a wall 4 in. to 7-1/4 in. (102 mm to 184 mm) thick.
  - If wall thickness is less than 4 in. the existing heat shields must be field trimmed. If wall thickness is greater than 7-1/4 in. a DVP-HSM-B will be required.
- **SLP heat shield** - designed to be used on a wall 4-3/8 in. to 7-5/8 in. (111 mm to 194 mm thick).
  - If wall thickness is less than 4-3/8 the existing heat shields must be field trimmed. If wall thickness is greater than 7-5/8 in. a DVP-HSM-B will be required.

---

**Figure 5.1 Horizontal Venting Clearances To Combustible Materials**

---

**Figure 5.2 8000CLX Top Insulation**

---

**Figure 5.3**

The attached insulation has been tested and approved by Hearth & Home Technologies and is UL approved. This insulation may contact the vent pipe.
B. Wall Penetration Framing/Firestops

Combustible Wall Penetration

Whenever a combustible wall is penetrated, you must frame a hole for the wall shield firestop(s). The wall shield firestop maintains minimum clearances and prevents cold air infiltration.

- The opening must be framed on all four sides using the same size framing materials as those used in the wall construction.
- SLP pipe - A wall shield firestop must be placed on each side of an interior wall. A minimum 1-1/2 in. (38 mm) overlap of attached heat shields must be maintained.
- DVP pipe - A wall shield firestop is required on one side only on interior walls. If your local inspector requires a wall shield firestop on both sides, then both wall shield firestops must have a heat shield (refer to Section 12.A.) attached to them.
- See Section 7.F. for information for regarding the installation of a horizontal termination cap.

Non-Combustible Wall Penetration

If the hole being penetrated is surrounded by non-combustible materials such as concrete, a hole with diameter one inch greater than the pipe is acceptable.

Whenever a non-combustible wall is penetrated, the wall shield firestop is only required on one side and no heat shield is necessary.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>A*</th>
<th>B*</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>D</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6000</td>
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<td></td>
<td>mm</td>
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<td></td>
<td>42-3/4</td>
<td>27-7/8</td>
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<td>708</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8000</td>
<td>in.</td>
<td></td>
<td>mm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>45-1/8</td>
<td>29-7/8</td>
<td>1146</td>
<td>759</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Shows center of vent framing hole for top or rear venting. The center of the hole is one (1) in. (25 mm) above the center of the horizontal vent pipe.

Figure 5.3 Wall Penetration
C. Ceiling Firestop/Floor Penetration Framing

A ceiling firestop **MUST** be used between floors and attics.

- **DVP pipe only** - Frame an opening 10 in. by 10 in. (254 mm by 254 mm) whenever the vent penetrates a ceiling/floor. See Figure 5.4.
- **SLP pipe only** - Frame opening 9 in. x 9 in. (229 mm x 229 mm) whenever the vent penetrates a ceiling/floor. See Figure 5.4.
- Frame the area with the same sized lumber as used in ceiling/floor joist.
- The ceiling firestop may be installed above or below the ceiling joists when installed with an attic insulation shield. It must be under joists between floors that are not insulated. Refer to Figure 5.5.
- Secure in place with nails or screws.

**WARNING! Risk of Fire! DO NOT pack insulation around the vent. Insulation must be kept back from the pipe to prevent overheating.**

D. Install Attic Insulation Shield

**WARNING! Fire Risk. DO NOT allow loose materials or insulation to touch vent. Hearth & Home Technologies requires the use of an attic shield.**

The International Fuel Gas Code requires an attic shield constructed of 26 gauge minimum steel that extends at least 2 in. (51 mm) above insulation.

- Attic insulation shields must meet specified clearances to combustible materials and be secured in place.
- An attic insulation shield kit is available from Hearth & Home Technologies. Contact your dealer to order. Install attic insulation shield according to instructions included with kit.
6 Appliance Preparation

A. Vent Collar Preparation

**CAUTION! Risk of Cuts, Abrasions or Flying Debris.**
Wear protective gloves and safety glasses during installation. Sheet metal edges are sharp.

**NOTICE:** Once appliance is set up for top or rear venting, it CANNOT be changed at a later time.

**Top Vent**

*Note: Instructions for rear vented models on next page.*

**NOTICE:** Once the seal cap has been removed it CANNOT be reattached.

**Figure 6.1 (Generic Fireplace Shown)** Cut the seal cap strap across the rectangles next to the disk.

**Figure 6.2 (Generic Fireplace Shown)** Remove the white gasket material covering the seal cap.

**Figure 6.3 (Generic Fireplace Shown)** Remove the seal cap.

**Figure 6.4 (Generic Fireplace Shown)** Remove the insulation basket and white insulation from the center vent pipe.

**Figure 6.5 (Generic Fireplace Shown)** Remove the insulation from the outer vent pipe.
Rear Vent

**NOTICE:** Once appliance is set up for top or rear venting, it CANNOT be changed at a later time.

Figure 6.6 (Generic Fireplace Shown) To attach the first section of vent pipe, make sure to use the fiberglass gasket in the manual bag to seal between the first vent component and the outer fireplace wrap. Caulk with a minimum of 300 °F continuous exposure rating may be used to hold the part in place.

Secure the first section of venting to the fireplace by screwing through the two straps left over from cutting the seal cap strap in step 2.

Figure 6.8 (Generic Fireplace Shown) Cut the metal retaining band and fold the sides out.

Figure 6.7 (Generic Fireplace Shown) Fold the tabs toward the center of the seal cap (90°) and remove the insulation gasket.

Figure 6.9 (Generic Fireplace Shown) Fold the center parts of the retaining band out and use to remove the seal cap.

Figure 6.10 (Generic Fireplace Shown) Discard the vent cap, remove and discard the insulation basket.

**NOTICE:** Once the seal cap has been removed it CANNOT be reattached.
B. Installing Optional Heat Management Systems

- Remove the knockout from the fireplace and discard it. See Figure 6.12.
- Center the duct collar around the exposed hole and attach it to the fireplace with 3 screws.
  **Note:** Do this BEFORE final positioning of fireplace.
- Determine the location for the air register/fan housing assembly.

Reference the appropriate instructions included with the kit for the remaining installation steps.

**Figure 6.11** (Generic Fireplace Shown) Attach the first vent section (it will snap into place). Slide the insulation gasket onto the vent section, up against the appliance and over the tabs.

**Figure 6.12** Heat Management Knockout Locations

HEAT MANAGEMENT KNOCKOUT LOCATIONS (LEFT AND RIGHT SIDES)
C. Securing and Leveling the Appliance

**WARNING! Risk of Fire! Prevent contact with:**

- Sagging or loose insulation
- Insulation backing or plastic
- Framing and other combustible materials

Block openings into the chase to prevent entry of blown-in insulation. Make sure insulation and other materials are secured.

**DO NOT** notch the framing around the appliance standoffs.

Failure to maintain air space clearance could cause overheating and fire.

The diagram shows how to properly square and position, and secure the appliance. See Figures 6.13 and 6.14. Nailing tabs are provided to secure the appliance to the framing members.

- Bend out nailing tabs on each side.
- Place the appliance into position.
- Keep nailing tabs flush with the framing.
- Level the appliance from side to side and front to back.
- “Square” the unit by securing diagonal dimensions to within 1/4 inch of each other. See Figure 6.14.
- Shim the appliance as necessary. It is acceptable to use wood shims underneath the appliance.
- Secure the appliance to the framing by using nails or screws through the nailing tabs.
- Optional: Secure the appliance to the floor by inserting two screws through the pilot holes at the bottom of the appliance.

D. Installing the Non-combustible Board

The factory supplied non-combustible board spans the distance from the top of the fireplace to the center of the framing header. This board must be used. See Figure 6.15.
7 Venting and Chimneys

A. Assemble Vent Sections (DVP Pipe Only)

Attach Vent to the Firebox Assembly

Note: The end of the pipe sections with the lanced tabs will face toward the appliance.

Attach the first pipe section to the starting collar:

• Lanced pipe end of the starting collar.
• Inner pipe over inner collar.
• Push the pipe section until all lanced tabs snap in place.
• Lightly tug on pipe to confirm it has locked.

Required Commercial, Multi-family (Multi-level exceeding two stories), or High-Rise Applications

All outer pipe joints must be sealed with 100% silicone (300 °F minimum continuous exposure rating), including the slip section that connects directly to the horizontal termination cap.

• Apply a bead of silicone sealant (300 °F minimum continuous exposure rating) inside the female outer pipe joint prior to joining sections. See Figure 7.1. OR
• Apply a bead of silicone sealant (300 °F minimum continuous exposure rating) to the outside of connecting joint after joining sections OR
• Apply aluminum foil tape (300 °F minimum continuous exposure rating) to the outside of connecting joint after joining sections. On horizontal pipe runs, it is recommended that the tape seam is positioned on the bottom side of the vent pipe.

• Only outer pipes need to be sealed. All unit collar, pipe, slip section, elbow and cap outer flues shall be sealed in this manner, unless otherwise stated.

WARNING! Risk of Fire or Explosion! DO NOT break silicone seals on slip sections. Use care when removing termination cap from slip pipe. If slip section seals are broken during removal of the termination cap, vent could leak.

Assemble Pipe Sections

Per Figure 7.2:

• Start the inner pipe on the lanced end of section A into the flared end of section B.
• Start the outer pipe of section A over the outer pipe of section B.
• Once both vents sections are started, push firmly until all lanced tabs lock into place.
• Lightly tug on the pipe to confirm the tabs have locked.

It is acceptable to use screws no longer than 1/2 in. (13 mm) to hold outer pipe sections together. If predrilling holes, DO NOT penetrate inner pipe.

For 90° and 45° elbows that are changing the vent direction from horizontal to vertical, one screw minimum should be put in the outer flue at the horizontal elbow joint to prevent the elbow from rotating. Use screws no longer than 1/2 in. (13 mm). If predrilling screw holes, DO NOT penetrate inner pipe.
B. Assemble Vent Sections (SLP Only)

To attach the first vent component to the starting collars of the appliance:

- Attach a DVP-SLP24 adapter to the starting collar of the appliance.
- Lock the vent components into place by sliding the pipe section onto the collar.
- Align the seam of the pipe and seam of collar to allow engagement. Rotate the vent component to lock into place. Use this procedure for all vent components. See Figure 7.5.
- Slide the gasket over the first vent section and place it flush to the appliance. This will prevent cold air infiltration. Caulk with a minimum of 300 °F continuous exposure rating may be used to hold the part in place.
- Continue adding vent components, locking each succeeding component into place.
- Ensure that each succeeding vent component is securely fitted and locked into the preceding component.

It is acceptable to use screws no longer than 1/2 in. (13 mm) to hold outer pipe sections together. If predrilling holes, DO NOT penetrate inner pipe.

Required Commercial, Multi-family (Multi-level exceeding two stories), or High-Rise Applications

All outer pipe joints must be sealed with high temperature silicone (300 °F minimum continuous exposure rating), including the slip section that connects directly to the horizontal termination cap.

- Apply a bead of silicone sealant (300 °F minimum continuous exposure rating) inside the female outer pipe joint prior to joining sections. See Figure 7.1. OR
- Apply a bead of silicone sealant (300 °F minimum continuous exposure rating) to the outside of connecting joint after joining sections OR
- Apply aluminum foil tape (300 °F minimum continuous exposure rating) to the outside of connecting joint after joining sections. On horizontal pipe runs, it is recommended that the tape seam is positioned on the bottom side of the vent pipe.
- Only outer pipes need to be sealed. All unit collar, pipe, slip section, elbow and cap outer flues shall be sealed in this manner, unless otherwise stated.

WARNING! Risk of Fire or Explosion! DO NOT break silicone seals on slip sections. Use care when removing termination cap from slip pipe. If slip section seals are broken during removal of the termination cap, vent could leak.

C. Assemble Slip Sections

- Slide the inner flue of the slip section into the inner flue of the pipe section and the outer flue of the slip section over the outer flue of the pipe section. See Figure 7.6.
- Slide together to the desired length.

- Maintain a 1-1/2 in. (38 mm) overlap between the slip section and the pipe section.
- Secure the pipe and slip section with two screws no longer than 1/2 in. (13 mm), using the pilot holes in the slip section. See Figure 7.7.

- Continue adding pipe as necessary following instructions in “Assembling Pipe Sections.”

NOTICE: If slip section is too long, the inner and outer flues of the slip section can be cut to the desired length.

NOTICE: When installing a vent system with an HRC termination cap, all pipe system joints shall be sealed using a high temperature silicone sealant (300 °F minimum continuous exposure rating).

- Apply a bead of silicone sealant (300 °F minimum continuous exposure rating) inside the female outer pipe joint prior to joining sections.
- Only outer pipes are sealed, sealing the inner flue is not required.
- All unit collar, pipe, slip section, elbow and cap outer flues shall be sealed.

Figure 7.6 Slip Section Pilot Holes

Figure 7.7 Screws into Slip Section
D. Secure the Vent Sections

- Vertical runs originating off the top of the appliance, with no offsets, must be supported every 8 ft. (2.44 m) after the maximum allowed 25 ft. (7.62 m) of unsupported rise.
- Vertical runs originating off the rear of the appliance, or after any elbow, must be supported every 8 ft. (2.44 m).
- Horizontal runs must be supported every 5 feet (1.52 m).
- Vent supports or plumbers strap (spaced 120° apart) may be used to support vent sections. See Figures 7.8 and 7.9.
- Wall shield firestops may be used to provide horizontal support to vent sections.
- SLP ceiling firestops have tabs that may be used to provide vertical support.

**WARNING! Risk of Fire, Explosion or Asphyxiation!** Improper support could allow vent to sag and separate. Use vent run supports and connect vent sections per installation instructions. **DO NOT** allow vent to sag below connection point to appliance.

E. Disassemble Vent Sections

- Rotate either section (see Figure 7.10) so the seams on both pipe sections are aligned as shown in Figure 7.11.
- Pull carefully to separate the pieces of pipe.

---

**Figure 7.8** Securing Vertical Pipe Sections

**Figure 7.9** Securing Horizontal Pipe Sections

**Figure 7.10** Rotate Seams for Disassembly

**Figure 7.11** Align and Disassemble Vent Sections
F. Vertical Termination Requirements

Install Metal Roof Flashing

- See minimum vent heights for various pitched roofs (Figure 7.12) to determine the length of pipe to extend through the roof.
- Slide the roof flashing over the pipe sections extending through the roof as shown in Figure 7.13.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Roof Pitch</th>
<th>H (Min.) Ft</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flat to 6/12</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 6/12 to 7/12</td>
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<tr>
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<td>1.5*</td>
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<tr>
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<tr>
<td>Over 9/12 to 10/12</td>
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<tr>
<td>Over 16/12 to 18/12</td>
<td>7.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 18/12 to 20/12</td>
<td>7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 20/12 to 21/12</td>
<td>8.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* H minimum may vary depending on regional snowfall. Refer to local codes.

Figure 7.12 Minimum Height From Roof to Lowest Discharge Opening

NOTICE: Failure to properly caulk the roof flashing and pipe seams could permit entry of water.
- Caulk the gap between the roof flashing and the outside diameter of the pipe.
- Caulk the perimeter of the flashing where it contacts the roof surface. See Figure 7.13.
- Caulk the overlap seam of any exposed pipe sections that are located above the roof line.

Assemble and Install Storm Collar

CAUTION! Risk of Cuts, Abrasions or Flying Debris. Wear protective gloves and safety glasses during installation. Sheet metal edges are sharp.
- Slide the storm collar onto the exposed pipe section and align brackets.
- Insert a bolt (provided) through the brackets and install nut. Do not completely tighten.
- Slide the assembled storm collar down the pipe section until it rests on the roof flashing (see Figure 7.14).
- Tighten nut and make sure the collar is tight against the pipe section.
- Caulk around the top of the storm collar. See Figure 7.15.
Install Vertical Termination Cap

- Attach the vertical termination cap by sliding the inner collar of the cap into the inner flue of the pipe section while placing the outer collar of the cap over the outer flue of the pipe section.
- Secure the cap by driving three self-tapping screws (supplied) through the pilot holes in the outer collar of the cap into the outer flue of the pipe (see Figure 7.15).

**G. Horizontal Termination Requirements**

**Heat Shield Requirements for Horizontal Termination**

**WARNING! Risk of Fire!** To prevent overheating and fire, heat shields must extend through the entire wall thickness.

- **DO NOT** remove the heat shields attached to the wall shield firestop and the horizontal termination cap (shown in Figure 7.16).
- Heat shields must overlap 1-1/2 in. (38 mm) minimum.

There are two sections of the heat shield. One section is factory-attached to the wall shield firestop. The other section is factory-attached to the cap. See Figure 7.16.

If the wall thickness does not allow the required 1-1/2 in. (38 mm) heat shield overlap when installed, an extended heat shield must be used.

- If the wall thickness is less than 4 in./102 mm (DVP) or 4-3/8 in./111 mm (SLP), the heat shields on the cap and wall shield firestop must be trimmed. A minimum 1-1/2 in. (38 mm) overlap MUST be maintained.
- Use an extended heat shield if the finished wall thickness is greater than 7-1/4 in. (184 mm).
- The extended heat shield may need to be cut to length maintaining sufficient length for a 1-1/2 in. (38 mm) overlap between heat shields.
- Attach the extended heat shield to either of the existing heat shields using the screws supplied with the extended heat shield. Refer to vent components diagrams in the back of this manual.
- Rest the small leg on the extended heat shield on top of the pipe section to properly space it from the pipe section.

**Important Notice:** Heat shields may not be field constructed.
Install Horizontal Termination Cap (DVP and SLP Pipe)

**WARNING! Risk of Fire!** The telescoping flue section of the termination cap MUST be used when connecting vent.

- 1-1/2 (38 mm) minimum overlap of flue telescoping section is required.

Failure to maintain overlap could cause overheating and fire.

- Vent termination must not be recessed in the wall. Siding may be brought to the edge of the cap base.
- Flash and seal as appropriate for siding material at outside edges of cap.
- When installing a horizontal termination cap, follow the cap location guidelines as prescribed by current ANSI Z223.1 and CAN/CGA-B149 installation codes and refer to Section 4 of this manual.

**CAUTION! Risk of Burns!** Local codes may require installation of a cap shield to prevent anything or anyone from touching the hot cap.

**NOTICE:** For certain exposures which require superior resistance to wind-driven rain penetration, a flashing kit and HRC caps are available. When penetrating a brick wall, a brick extension kit is available for framing the brick.

Note: When using termination caps with factory-supplied heat shield attached, no additional wall shield firestop is required on the exterior side of a combustible wall.
A. General Information

**WARNING! Risk of Shock or Explosion! DO NOT** wire 110-120 VAC to the valve or to the appliance wall switch. Incorrect wiring will damage controls.

**NOTICE:** This appliance must be electrically wired and grounded in accordance with local codes or, in the absence of local codes, with National Electric Code ANSI/NFPA 70-latest edition or the Canadian Electric Code CSA C22.1.

- Wire the appliance junction box to unswitched 110-120 VAC. This is required for proper operation of the appliance (IntelliFire™ ignition).
- A 110-120 VAC circuit for this product must be protected with ground-fault circuit-interrupter protection, in compliance with the applicable electrical codes, when it is installed in locations such as in bathrooms or near sinks.
- Low voltage and 110-120 VAC voltage cannot be shared within the same wall box.
- In some instances, the spark ignition of the fireplace may cause intermittent, non-damaging, interference during the lighting sequence with a TV plugged into the same circuit. It is recommended that the fireplace and TV use different circuits to mitigate the interference potential. If interference is occurring on the same circuit, the use of surge protectors may help alleviate the interference.

Junction Box Installation

If the box is being wired from the INSIDE of the appliance:

- Remove the screw attaching the junction box/receptacle to the outer shell, rotate the junction box inward to disengage it from the outer shell. See Figure 8.1.
- Pull the electrical wires from outside the appliance through the opening into the valve compartment and secure wires with a Romex connector. See Figure 8.1.
- Make all necessary wire connections to the junction box/receptacle and reattach the junction box/receptacle to the outer shell.

**NOTICE: DO NOT** wire 110-120 VAC to wall switch.

![Figure 8.1 Junction Box Detail](image)

Accessories Requirements

- This appliance may be used with a wall switch, wall mounted thermostat and/or a remote control.

Wiring for optional Hearth & Home Technologies approved accessories should be done now to avoid reconstruction. Follow instructions that come with those accessories.

Electrical Service and Repair

**WARNING! Risk of Shock!** Label all wires prior to disconnection when servicing controls. Wiring errors could cause improper and dangerous operation. Verify proper operation after servicing.

**WARNING! Risk of Shock!** Replace damaged wire with type 105º C rated wire. Wire must have high temperature insulation.
Component Tray

The electrical components are installed on the component tray. If it becomes necessary to remove the components, use the information in Figure 8.2 to remove them and reinstall them correctly on the component tray.

The IFT-ECM is held in position by two placement tabs (front and rear) and one plastic pin on the component tray. To remove the IFT-ECM, bend the rear placement tab back slightly and tip the IFT-ECM to disengage it from the pin and the shorter placement tab. To reinstall the IFT-ECM on the component tray, engage the front placement tab first.

The LED controller is held in position by two placement tabs and the four corner guides on the component tray. To disengage the LED Controller, bend either placement tab back slightly. Tip and lift the LED Controller out.

Note the orientation of the LED controller in Figure 8.2. The LED controller must be positioned as shown with the green, white and black wires toward the center of the tray. The LED controller has a rounded profile on the top side and a flat profile on the bottom side. Ensure it is positioned correctly on the component tray.

The IFT-ACM is attached to the IFT-ECM and is held in position by the rear placement tab. To remove the IFT-ACM, bend the rear placement tab back slightly and disengage the IFT-ACM from the IFT-ECM.

---

**Figure 8.2. Electrical Component Tray**
B. Wiring Requirements

IntelliFire™ Touch Ignition System Wiring

- Wire the appliance junction box to 110-120 VAC for proper operation of the appliance.

**WARNING! Risk of Shock or Explosion! DO NOT** wire IPI controlled appliance junction box to a switched circuit. Incorrect wiring will override IPI safety lockout.

- Refer to Figure 8.3, IntelliFire™ Touch Wiring Diagram.
- This appliance is equipped with an IntelliFire™ Touch control valve which operates on a 6 volt/1.5 AMP system.
- Plug the 6 volt transformer plug into the appliance junction box to supply power to the unit OR install 4 AA cell batteries (not included) into the battery pack before use.

**NOTICE:** Batteries should only be used as a power source in the event of an emergency power outage. Batteries should not be used as a primary long-term power source. Battery polarity must be correct when installing batteries. When using batteries as a power source, the 6-volt transformer must be unplugged from the receptacle.

Do not store batteries in the battery pack when the appliance is powered by the 6 volt transformer connected to permanent electrical service.

---

**Figure 8.3 IntelliFire™ Touch Wiring Diagram**
Wall Switch Installation for Fan (Optional)

If the box is being wired to a wall mounted switch for use with a fan. See Figure 8.4:

- The power supply for the appliance must be brought into a switch box.
- The power can then be supplied from the switch box to the appliance using a minimum of 14-3 with ground wire.
- At the switch box connect the black (hot) wire and red (switch leg) wire to the wall switch as shown.
- At the appliance connect the black (hot), white (neutral) and green (ground) wires to the junction box as shown.
- Add a 1/4 in. insulated female connector to the red (switch leg) wire, route it through the knockout in the face of the junction box, and connect to the top fan switch connector (1/4 in. male) as shown.

Figure 8.4 Junction Box Wired to Wall Switch
9 Gas Information

A. Fuel Conversion
- Make sure the appliance is compatible with available gas types.
- Conversions must be made by a qualified service technician using Hearth & Home Technologies specified and approved parts.

B. Gas Pressure
- Optimum appliance performance requires proper input pressures.
- Gas line sizing requirements will be determined in ANSI Z223.1 National Fuel Gas Code in the USA and CAN/CGA B149 in Canada.
- Pressure requirements are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Gas Pressure</th>
<th>Natural Gas</th>
<th>Propane</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum inlet pressure</td>
<td>5.0 in. w.c.</td>
<td>11.0 in. w.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum inlet pressure</td>
<td>10.0 in. w.c.</td>
<td>13.0 in. w.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manifold pressure</td>
<td>3.5 in. w.c.</td>
<td>10.0 in. w.c.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**WARNING! Risk of Fire or Explosion!** High pressure will damage valve. Low pressure could cause explosion.
- Verify inlet pressures. Verify minimum pressures when other household gas appliances are operating.
- Install regulator upstream of valve if line pressure is greater than 1/2 psig.

**WARNING**

Fire Risk.
Explosion Hazard.
High pressure will damage valve.
- Disconnect gas supply piping BEFORE pressure testing gas line at test pressures above 1/2 psig.
- Close the manual shutoff valve BEFORE pressure testing gas line at test pressures equal to or less than 1/2 psig.

**Note:** Have the gas supply line installed in accordance with local codes, if any. If not, follow ANSI Z223.1. Installation should be done by a qualified installer approved and/or licensed as required by the locality. (In the Commonwealth of Massachusetts installation must be performed by a licensed plumber or gas fitter).

**Note:** A listed (and Commonwealth of Massachusetts approved) 1/2 in. (13 mm) T-handle manual shut-off valve and flexible gas connector are connected to the 1/2 in. (13 mm) control valve inlet.
- If substituting for these components, please consult local codes for compliance.

C. Gas Connection
- Refer to Reference Section 3 for location of gas line access in appliance.
- Gas line may be run through knockout(s) provided.
- The gap between supply piping and gas access hole may be caulked with caulk with a minimum of 300 °F continuous exposure rating or stuffed with non-combustible, unfaced insulation to prevent cold air infiltration.
- Ensure that gas line does not come in contact with outer wrap of the appliance. Follow local codes.
- Pipe incoming gas line into valve compartment.
- Connect incoming gas line to the 1/2 in. (13 mm) connection on manual shutoff valve.

**WARNING! Risk of Fire or Explosion!** Support control when attaching pipe to prevent bending gas line.
- A small amount of air will be in the gas supply lines.

**WARNING! Risk of Fire or Explosion!** Gas build-up during line purge could ignite.
- Purge should be performed by qualified service technician.
- Ensure adequate ventilation.
- Ensure there are no ignition sources such as sparks or open flames.

Light the appliance. It will take a short time for air to purge from lines. When purging is complete the appliance will light and operate normally.

**WARNING! Risk of Fire, Explosion or Asphyxiation!** Check all fittings and connections with a non-corrosive commercially available leak-check solution. **DO NOT** use open flame. Fittings and connections could have loosened during shipping and handling.

**WARNING! Risk of Fire!** **DO NOT** change valve settings. This valve has been preset at the factory.

D. High Altitude Installations

**NOTICE:** If the heating value of the gas has been reduced, these rules do not apply. Check with your local gas utility or authorities having jurisdiction.

When installing above 2000 feet elevation:
- In the USA: Reduce input rate 4% for each 1000 feet above 2000 feet.
- In CANADA: Input ratings are certified without a reduction of input rate for elevations up to 4500 feet (1370 m) above sea level. Please consult provincial and/or local authorities having jurisdiction for installations at elevations above 4500 feet (1370 m).

Check with your local gas utility to determine proper orifice size.
E. Air Shutter Setting

Air shutter settings should be adjusted by a qualified service technician at the time of installation. The air shutter is set at the factory for minimum vertical vent run. Adjust air shutter for longer vertical runs. See Figure 9.1.

- Loosen the wing nut.
- Move the air handle to the left to open the air shutter.
- Move the air handle to the right to close the air shutter.
- Tighten the wing nut.

**NOTICE:** If sooting occurs, provide more air by opening the air shutter.

---

**Air Shutter Settings**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>NG</th>
<th>Propane</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6000</td>
<td>5/8 in.</td>
<td>Fully Open</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8000</td>
<td>5/16 in.</td>
<td>Fully Open</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
10 Finishing

A. Facing Material

• Metal front faces may be covered with non-combustible materials only.

• Facing and/or finishing materials must not interfere with air flow through or removal of decorative fronts or access for service.

• Facing and/or finishing materials must never overhang into the glass opening.

• Observe all clearances when applying combustible materials.

• Seal joints between the finished wall and appliance top and sides using a 300 °F minimum sealant. Refer to Figure 10.1.

WARNING! Risk of Fire! **DO NOT** apply combustible materials beyond the minimum clearances. Comply with all minimum clearances to combustibles as specified in this manual. Overlapping materials could ignite and will interfere with air flow through decorative fronts.

NOTICE: Surface temperatures around the appliance will become warm while the appliance is in operation. Ensure finishing materials used for all surfaces (floor, walls, mantels, etc.) will withstand temperatures up to 190°F.

---

**Figure 10.1 Facing Materials**

**Figure 10.2 Noncombustible Facing Diagram**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6000</td>
<td>inches</td>
<td>39-3/4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>millimeters</td>
<td>1010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8000</td>
<td>inches</td>
<td>41-3/4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>millimeters</td>
<td>1060</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**B. Mantel and Wall Projections**

*WARNING! Risk of Fire!* Comply with all minimum clearances as specified. Framing closer than the minimums listed must be constructed entirely of noncombustible materials (i.e., steel studs, concrete board, etc.)

**Mantels - Combustible or Painted Surfaces**

**Note:** All measurements in inches.

- **Measurement from fireplace opening to bottom of appliance:**
  - 33-1/2 IN. (6000CLX)
  - 35-1/2 IN. (8000CLX)

**Note:** Measurement is taken from top of the opening, NOT the top of the fireplace.

![Diagram of Mantel and Wall Projections](image)

**Mantel Legs or Wall Projections**

![Diagram of Mantel Legs](image)

**Combustible or Painted Surfaces**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A minimum</th>
<th>B maximum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Inches</td>
<td>Millimeters</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-7/16</td>
<td>62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3-7/16</td>
<td>87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4-7/16</td>
<td>113</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5-7/16</td>
<td>138</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6-7/16</td>
<td>164</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7-7/16</td>
<td>189</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Non-Combustible**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A minimum</th>
<th>B maximum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Inches</td>
<td>Millimeters</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0 thru 5-7/16</td>
<td>0-138</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>152</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Figure 10.3 Minimum Vertical and Maximum Horizontal Dimensions - Combustible or Painted Surfaces**

**Figure 10.4 Minimum Vertical and Maximum Horizontal Dimensions - Non-Combustible**

**Note:** Measurement is taken from top of the opening, NOT the top of the fireplace.

**Figure 10.5 Clearances to Mantel Leg or Wall Projections** (Acceptable on both sides of opening)
C. Decorative Fronts

Only decorative fronts certified for use with this appliance model may be used. Contact your dealer for a list of decorative fronts that may be used. Once you have determined what kind of decorative front and finishing material is going to be used on the fireplace, you may use the table below which shows the decorative front models and the finishing material thickness allowed.

**Note:** Finishing strips may be used to aid in positioning of non-combustible facing materials for some of the facing and decorative front combinations specified in the table above. They must be removed following finishing work. See Figure 10.9.

### Finishing Material: 1 Inch Thick or Less

Remove Finishing Strips. See Figure 10.9.

 NOTICe: Remove finishing strips before firing appliance.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DECORATIVE FRONT</th>
<th>FIT</th>
<th>FINISH MATERIAL THICKNESS</th>
<th>SEE FIGURE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Folio</td>
<td>Inside</td>
<td>0-6 inches max.</td>
<td>10.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arcadia</td>
<td>Overlap</td>
<td>1 inch or less</td>
<td>10.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Inside</td>
<td>1-6 inches max.</td>
<td>10.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Halston</td>
<td>Overlap</td>
<td>1 inch or less</td>
<td>10.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Inside</td>
<td>1-6 inches max.</td>
<td>10.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chateau</td>
<td>Overlap</td>
<td>1 inch or less</td>
<td>10.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Inside</td>
<td>1-6 inches max.</td>
<td>10.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chateau Forge</td>
<td>Overlap</td>
<td>1 inch or less</td>
<td>10.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Inside</td>
<td>1-6 inches max.</td>
<td>10.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Galleria</td>
<td>Overlap</td>
<td>1 inch or less</td>
<td>10.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Inside</td>
<td>1-6 inches max.</td>
<td>10.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CF</td>
<td>Inside</td>
<td>0-6 inches max.</td>
<td>10.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Iron Age</td>
<td>Overlap</td>
<td>1 inch or less</td>
<td>10.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Inside</td>
<td>1-6 inches max.</td>
<td>10.7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Finishing Material Thickness:
1-6 Inches Maximum

*NOTICE:* Remove finishing strips before firing appliance.

---

**Figure 10.7 Finishing Material Thickness Greater Than One Inch**

Finishing material thickness, 1-6 inches maximum
B = Top of decorative front to bottom of fireplace.
D = Bottom of Finishing Material to Bottom of Fireplace

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>8000 Models</th>
<th>6000 Models</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Inches</td>
<td>Millimeters</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>44-1/16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>35-15/16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>44-5/16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>36-5/16</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Finishing Material Thickness: 0-6 Inches Maximum

**NOTICE:** Remove finishing strips before firing appliance.

---

**Removal of Finishing Strips**

**NOTICE:** Remove finishing strips before firing appliance. Remove glass frame assembly to access finishing strip screws.

---

**Figure 10.8 Inside Fit (Folio/CF)**

**Figure 10.9 Removing Finishing Strips.**
A. Remove Fixed Glass Assembly

**WARNING! Risk of Asphyxiation!** Handle fixed glass assembly with care. Inspect the gasket to ensure it is undamaged and inspect the glass for cracks, chips or scratches.

- **DO NOT** strike, slam or scratch glass.
- **DO NOT** operate fireplace with glass removed, cracked, broken or scratched.
- Replace as a complete assembly.

**Removing Fixed Glass Assembly**

- Pull the four glass assembly latches out of the groove on the glass frame. Remove glass assembly from the appliance See Figure 11.1.

![Figure 11.1 Fixed Glass Assembly](image)

B. Remove the Shipping Materials

Remove shipping materials from inside or underneath the firebox.

- The splatter guard is a piece of corrugated material used to protect the appliance during the installation process before finishing work on the whole hearth is complete. Splatter guards may be factory installed or accompany the decorative front of the appliance, depending on the fireplace model. Splatter guards must be removed before appliance is fired.

**WARNING! Risk of Fire!** Close the ball valve before installing the splatter guard to prevent accidental lighting. Remove the splatter guard before lighting the appliance.

C. Clean the Appliance

Clean/vacuum any sawdust that may have accumulated inside the firebox or underneath in the control cavity.

D. Burner Top Installation

1. Bend the two tabs upward as shown in Figure 11.2.
2. To install the fiber burner, mate the locating holes with the guide sleeves. Install fiber burner top so that it makes full contact with the underlying burner assembly.
3. Ensure that the ports in the steel burner are visible through the holes in the fiber burner top.

![Figure 11.2 Burner Top Assembly](image)
E. Install the Fiber Refractory
6000CLX-IFT-S, 6000CLX-IFTLP-S, 8000CLX-IFT-S, 8000CLX-IFTLP-S

CAUTION! Refractory is fragile. Handle with care.

CAUTION! Risk of Cuts, Abrasions or Flying Debris. Wear protective gloves and safety glasses during installation.

Step 1. Back Refractory Panel Installation
The back refractory panel has a rectangular notch on the bottom side.

1. Hold the back refractory panel with the notch on the bottom facing down.

2. Place the back refractory panel against the back of the firebox. Ensure back refractory panel makes full contact with the back wall of the firebox. See Figures 1 and 2.

3. Hold the back refractory panel with the notch on the bottom facing down.

4. Place the back refractory panel against the back of the firebox. Ensure back refractory panel makes full contact with the back wall of the firebox. See Figures 1 and 2.

5. Verify that right refractory panel is slid all the way back by looking to see that it is flush with the firebox lip.

4. Slide the right refractory panel completely into the firebox until it securely rests against back refractory panel. Make sure that right refractory panel makes full contact with the right sidewall of the firebox. See Figure 4.

Step 2. Right Refractory Panel Installation
The right refractory panel has a rectangular notch on the bottom side.

3. Place the right refractory panel against the right sidewall of the firebox. Rest the rectangular notch located on the bottom of the right refractory panel over the lower firebox lip. Let refractory foot rest on firebox after panel’s notch has been mated with firebox lip. See Figure 3.
Step 3. Left Refractory Installation
6. Steps for installation of left refractory side are the same as right side. Repeat the same procedure as Step 2.

Step 4. Top Refractory Installation
7. Using both hands, hold the top refractory panel with the brick pattern facing down.

8. Insert the top refractory panel into the firebox and lift it toward the top. Keep top refractory panel close to upper firebox lip. This will allow for easier installation due to the wider dimension of the front of the firebox. Slide the top refractory panel in toward the back wall of firebox, maintaining the same angle as the top section of the side panels.

9. Lower the top refractory panel onto the side and back refractory panels. There is a lip on the top panel that allows it to sit on the top edge of the side panels. Push tight against back refractory panel.

10. Installation is complete when top refractory panel is set securely in place. Top refractory panel may need to be pulled down to fit correctly. Chamfers should properly fit together and gaps should be minimized with correct installation.
F. Black Glass Refractory Installation

6000CLX-IFT-G, 6000CLX-IFTLP-G, 8000CLX-IFT-G, 8000CLX-IFTLP-G

1. Locate the black glass refractory components which are shipped inside the appliance. The top refractory and glass refractory components are shipped as shown in Figure 1. The refractory bracket is shipped wrapped in microfoam.

2. Bend the refractory bracket along the break lines indicated by the dashed white lines in Figure 1 to separate it into two parts. The left and right brackets are noted in Figure 1.

3. Install rear glass panel in front of insulation board on rear refractory bracket. Hold rear glass panel in place and slide one side insulation board into position between side refractory bracket and side of firebox as shown in Figure 2.

4. Install side glass panel in front of insulation board.

5. Install side refractory bracket between the insulation board and the side of the firebox. Secure with screw as shown in Figure 3.

6. Bend side refractory tab over glass panel. See Figure 3.

7. Install side insulation board on opposite side and repeat steps 4-6 for other side.

8. Install top refractory panel. Rest it on top of the side glass panels and gently push to the rear. See Figure 4.
G. Ember Placement

**WARNING! Risk of Explosion!** Follow ember placement instructions in manual. DO NOT completely block burner ports with ember material. Replace ember material annually. Improperly placed embers interfere with proper burner operation.

Ember material is shipped with this gas appliance. To place the ember material:

- Embers CANNOT completely block burner ports. Care should be taken not to block the lighting trail of ports.
- Embers may only be placed in areas as shown in Figure 11.3.
- **Propane Only:** Using dime-size pieces of Glowing Embers®, overlap the burner ports as shown in Figure 11.4. The impingement created by the embers will help blend the fire.
- Save the remaining ember materials for use during appliance servicing. The embers provided should be enough for 3 to 5 applications.

![Figure 11.3 Placement of Embers](image)

![Figure 11.4 Embers Overlapping Burner Port Holes (Propane only)](image)
H. Install the Teco-Sil

Teco-Sil Placement

1. Pour Teco-Sil between the left and right base refractories as shown in Figure 1.

2. Fog the Teco-Sil to the desired look, using high temperature black paint (Hearth & Home Technologies part number TUP-GBK-12). See below for fogging tips. Prior to painting, take precautions to prevent any overspray from reaching the pilot assembly.

Fogging Tips

- Apply paint with the ember lights turned on. This will help you avoid over fogging or under fogging.
- Reduce the lighting in the room while applying the paint.
- Fog the Teco-Sil to create a realistic coal bed appearance.
- Allow the paint to dry/cure a minimum of 15 minutes.
I. Install the Log Assembly

Log Set Assembly: LOGS-6000CLX

Models: 6000CLX-IPIS, 6000CLX-IPILPS, 6000CLX-IPIT, 6000CLX-IPILPT, HE36CLX-S, HE36CLXLP-S, 6000CLX-IFT-S, 6000CLX-IFTLP-S, 6000CLX-IFT-G, 6000CLX-IFTLP-G

LOG PLACEMENT INSTRUCTIONS

Figure 1. 6000CLX

Figure 5. 6000CLX

Figure 2. HE36CLX-S

LOG PLACEMENT TABS

LOG PLACEMENT INDENTATIONS

GRATE TINE

LOG PLACEMENT PROTRUSIONS

CAUTION: Logs are fragile, handle with care.

NOTICE: Paint Touch Up Kit (2372-099) may be ordered from your dealer to repair chips and scratches if necessary.

Log #1 (2166-721): Locate log placement tabs on the pilot cover. Bend tabs upward as shown in Figure 3. Tabs should be in a vertical orientation. A pliers may need to be used. Locate the log placements slots on the bottom of Log #1. See Figure 4. Mate the slots located on the bottom of Log #1 with the placement log tabs on the pilot cover. Log #1 is properly installed when it sits squarely and completely on pilot cover with tabs engaged. See Figure 5.

Figure 3.

Log #2 (2166-722): Mate the groove located on the bottom of Log #2 with the left protrusion on top of Log #1. After groove and protrusion have been fitted together, mate the groove located on the bottom of Log #2 with the horizontal grate bar and slide Log #2 toward the left until it rests against the far left grate tine. See Figure 7.

Figure 6.

Figure 7.
Log #3 (2166-723): Mate the groove located on the bottom of Log #3 with the right log placement protrusion on top of Log #1. After groove and protrusion have been fitted together, mate the groove located on the bottom of Log #3 with the horizontal grate bar and slide Log #3 toward the right until it rests against the far right grate tine. See Figure 8.

Log #4 (2166-724): Place Log #4 in the left log indentation on the burner top. See Figure 3. Slide Log #4 from right to left under Log #2 to fit completely and securely into the indentation. See Figure 9. Nose of log #4 should be pulled to fit securely against right hand side of log indentation.

Log #5 (2166-725): Place Log #5 in the right log indentation on the burner top. See Figure 3. Ensure the log fits completely and securely in the recessed indentation. See Figure 10. Log #5 should be pulled to the left hand side of log indentation. Rotate right side of Log #5 toward the back of the indentation.

Log #6 (2166-726): Mate the groove located on the lower end of Log #6 with the fourth grate tine (from left to right) as shown in Figure 11. Set the other end of Log #6 on the flat area located on top of Log #4. See Figure 10. Log #6 will also rest against center grate tine. When properly installed, Log #6 will rest securely on all 3 contact points, not allowing movement or shifting.

Log #7 (2166-727): Place back (unnotched) end of Log #7 on the flat area on the top of Log #5. Log #7 must be pulled tight to the locating notch. Pivot the front (notched) end of Log #7 to the right until the notch of Log #7 contacts the grate tine located 4th from the left as shown in Figure 12.
Log Set Assembly: LOGS-8000CLX

Models: 8000CLX-IPI-S, 8000CLX-IPILP-S, 8000CLX-IPI-T, 8000CLX-IPILP-T
8000CLX-IFT-S, 8000CLX-IFTLP-S, 8000CLX-IFT-G, 8000CLX-IFTLP-G

LOG PLACEMENT INSTRUCTIONS

Log #1 (2170-721): Locate log placement tabs on the pilot cover. Bend tabs upward as shown in Figure 2. Tabs should be in a vertical orientation. Pliers may need to be used. Locate log placement slots on the bottom of Log #1. See Figure 3. Mate slots located on the bottom of Log #1 with the log placement tabs on the pilot cover. Log #1 is properly installed when it sits squarely and completely on the pilot cover with log placement tabs engaged. See Figure 4.

Figure 4 shows the log placement protrusions located on the top of Log #1. The protrusions will be mated with the grooves located on the bottom of Log #2 and Log #3. See Figure 5. Log #2 and Log #3 also have grooves that allow the logs to be seated properly on the grate. See Figure 5. Hold Log #1 upright while placing Log #2.

Log #2 (2170-722): Mate the groove located on the bottom of Log #2 with the left protrusion on top of Log #1. After groove and protrusion have been fitted together, mate the groove located on the bottom of Log #2 with the horizontal grate bar and slide Log #2 toward the left until it rests against the far left grate tine.

CAUTION: Logs are fragile, handle with care.
NOTICE: Paint Touch Up Kit (2572-099) may be ordered from your dealer to repair chips and scratches if necessary.
Log #3 (2170-723): Mate the groove located on the bottom of Log #3 with the right log placement protrusion on top of Log #1. After groove and protrusion have been fitted together, mate the groove located on the bottom of Log #3 with the horizontal grate bar and far right grate tine. Log #3 will sit down on top of both the grate tine and the horizontal grate bar. See Figure 7.

Log #4 (2170-724): Place Log #4 in the left log indentation on the burner top. See Figure 2. Slide Log #4 from right to left under Log #2 to fit completely and securely into the indentation. See Figure 8. Nose of log #4 should be pulled to fit securely against right hand side of log indentation.

Log #5 (2170-725): Place Log #5 in the right log indentation on the burner top. See Figure 2. Ensure the log fits completely and securely in the recessed indentation. See Figure 9. Log #5 should be pulled to the left hand side of log indentation.

Log #6 (2170-726): Mate the groove located on the lower end of Log #6 with the fourth grate tine (from left to right) as shown in Figure 10. Set the other end of Log #6 on the flat area located on top of Log #4. See Figure 9. Log #6 will also rest against center grate tine. When properly installed, Log #6 will rest securely on all 3 contact points, not allowing movement or shifting.

Log #7 (2166-727): Place back (unnotched) end of Log #7 on the flat area on the top of Log #5. Log #7 must be pulled tight to the locating notch. Pivot the front (notched) end of Log #7 to the right until the notch of Log #7 contacts the grate tine located 4th from the left as shown in Figure 11.
J. IntelliFire™ Touch Control System Setup

- Detailed instructions for electrical wiring and connections are provided in Section 8.
- Determine if this appliance is equipped with a Module Reset Switch. See Section 8. Verify this switch is in the ON position.
- Verify that the 3-Position switch on the IFT-ECM is switched to the REMOTE position. Detailed Operating Instructions for the IFT-ECM are provided in Section 3.J of the Owner’s Manual.

K. Install Fixed Glass Assembly

**WARNING! Risk of Asphyxiation!** Handle fixed glass assembly with care. Inspect the gasket to ensure it is undamaged and inspect the glass for cracks, chips or scratches.

- **DO NOT** strike, slam or scratch glass.
- **DO NOT** operate fireplace with glass removed, cracked, broken or scratched.
- Replace as a complete assembly.

Replacing Fixed Glass Assembly

- Replace the glass assembly on the appliance. Pull out and latch the four glass assembly latches into the groove on the glass frame. See Figure 11.1.

L. Install Decorative Front

**WARNING! Risk of Fire!** Install ONLY doors or fronts approved by Hearth & Home Technologies. Unapproved doors or fronts could cause fireplace to overheat.

This **fireplace has been supplied with an integral barrier to prevent direct contact with the fixed glass panel. DO NOT operate the fireplace with the barrier removed.**

Contact your dealer or Hearth & Home Technologies if the barrier is not present or help is needed to properly install one.

For more information refer to the instructions supplied with your decorative front.

---

**Figure 11.5 IFT-ECM**

This appliance is factory-equipped with an IntelliFire™ Touch remote control. The remote was paired to the fireplace and tested at the factory. It does not need to be paired again, unless an accessory kit will be added at the time of installation. If no additional accessory will be added, simply follow steps one through seven below.

1. If installed, remove batteries from remote.
2. Verify that the new appliance has power and secure electrical connections.
3. Adjust the ECM selector switch to 'REMOTE' mode.
4. Switch the master reset switch to 'ON' (if equipped).
5. Wait to verify LED indicator on the ECM stops flashing.
6. Install batteries in the RC400 remote.
7. The RC400 remote will automatically pair to the appliance as pre-set at the factory.
### 12 Reference Materials

#### A. Vent Components Diagrams

**Figure 12.1 DVP Vent Components**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pipe</th>
<th>Effective Length Inches</th>
<th>Millimeters</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DVP4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>102</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DVP6</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>152</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DVP12</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>305</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DVP24</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>610</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DVP36</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>914</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DVP48</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>1219</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DVP6A</td>
<td>3 to 6</td>
<td>76 to 152</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DVP12A</td>
<td>3 to 12</td>
<td>76 to 305</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **DVP Pipe (see chart)**
- **DVP Pipe (Effective Height/Length)**
  - Effective Height/Length:
    - DVP4: 4 inches (102 mm)
    - DVP6: 6 inches (152 mm)
    - DVP12: 12 inches (305 mm)
    - DVP24: 24 inches (610 mm)
    - DVP36: 36 inches (914 mm)
    - DVP48: 48 inches (1219 mm)
- **DVP-FS (Ceiling Firestop)**
  - Finished Height: 10-1/2 inches (267 mm)
- **DVP-HVS (Vent Support)**
  - Tab=1 inch (25.4 mm)
  - Finished Height: 19-3/4 inches (502 mm)
- **DVP-RDS (ROOF DECK INSULATION SHIELD)**
  - Finished Height: 12 inches (305 mm)
  - Effective Length: 14 inches (356 mm)
- **DVP-WS (Wall Shield Firestop)**
  - Finished Height: 20 inches (508 mm)
  - Effective Length: 14 inches (356 mm)
- **DVP45 (45° Elbow)**
  - Effective Length: 10-1/2 inches (267 mm)
- **DVP90ST (90° Elbow)**
  - Effective Length: 10 in. (254 mm)
  - Effective Length: 12 inches (305 mm)
  - Effective Length: 14 inches (356 mm)
- **UNIV-AS2 (Attic Insulation Shield)**
  - Tab=1 in. (25.4 mm)
  - Finished Height: 20-3/4 inches (527 mm)

---

**Figure 12.1 DVP Vent Components**
A. Vent Components Diagrams (continued)

Note: Heat shields MUST overlap by a minimum of 1-1/2 in. (38 mm). The heat shield is designed to be used on a wall 4 in. to 7-1/4 in. (102 mm to 184 mm) thick. If wall thickness is less than 4 in. (102 mm) the existing heat shields must be field trimmed. If wall thickness is greater than 7-1/4 in. (184 mm) a DVP-HSM-B will be required.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term Cap</th>
<th>Minimum Effective Length</th>
<th>Maximum Effective Length</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Trap1</td>
<td>3-1/8 in.</td>
<td>4-5/8 in.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>79 mm</td>
<td>117 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trap2</td>
<td>5-3/8 in.</td>
<td>9-3/8 in.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>137 mm</td>
<td>238 mm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 12.2 DVP Vent Components
A. Vent Components Diagrams (continued)

Figure 12.3 DVP Vent Components
A. Vent Components Diagrams (continued)

![DVP-TB1 Basement Vent Cap]

![DVP-TVHW Vertical Termination Cap (Highwind)]

![DVP-HPC High Performance Cap]

![DVP-FBHT FireBrick Termination Cap]

Figure 12.4 DVP Vent Components
A. Vent Components Diagrams (continued)

Figure 12.5 DVP Vent Components

DVP-HRC-SS

DVP-HRC-ZC-SS
A. Vent Components Diagrams (continued)

### Optional Wire Harness

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>PART NUMBER</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10 FT PV Wire Harness</td>
<td>PVI-WH10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 FT PV Wire Harness</td>
<td>PVI-WH20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40 FT PV Wire Harness</td>
<td>PVI-WH40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60 FT PV Wire Harness</td>
<td>PVI-WH60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80 FT PV Wire Harness</td>
<td>PVI-WH80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100 FT PV Wire Harness</td>
<td>PVI-WH100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** Wire harnesses required to power the PVI-SLP-B connect to the appliance and are ordered separately from PVI-SLP-B. Contact your dealer to order.

**Note:** The PVI-SLP-B requires one of the following options to be installed on this appliance.

Option A: IFT-RC400  **OR**  Option B: IFT-RC150 and IFT-ACM.

These accessories are purchased separately from the PVI-SLP-B. Contact your dealer to order.
A. Vent Components Diagrams (continued)

![Diagram of PVLP-SLP Vent Components]

**Note:** Wire harnesses required to power the PVLP-SLP connect to the appliance and are ordered separately from PVLP-SLP. Contact your dealer to order.

**Note:** A PVLP-HS heat shield is available and sold separately. Use if the PVLP-SLP is installed in a high traffic area.

**Note:** The PVLP-SLP requires one of the following options to be installed on this appliance.

Option A: IFT-RC400 **OR**
Option B: IFT-RC150 and IFT-ACM

These accessories are purchased separately from the PVLP-SLP. Contact your dealer to order.

### Required Wire Harness

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>PART NUMBER</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>PVI-WH10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 FT PV Wire Harness</td>
<td>PVI-WH20</td>
</tr>
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<td>40 FT PV Wire Harness</td>
<td>PVI-WH40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60 FT PV Wire Harness</td>
<td>PVI-WH60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80 FT PV Wire Harness</td>
<td>PVI-WH80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100 FT PV Wire Harness</td>
<td>PVI-WH100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

![PVLP-BEK Brick Kit and PVLP-HS Heat Shield]

Figure 12.7 PVLP-SLP Vent Components
A. Vent Components Diagrams (continued)

Figure 12.8 SLP Series Vent Components
Note: Heat shields MUST overlap by a minimum of 1-1/2 in. (38 mm). The heat shield is designed to be used on a wall 4 in. to 7-1/4 in. (102 mm to 184 mm) thick. If wall thickness is less than 4 in. (102 mm) the existing heat shields must be field trimmed. If wall thickness is greater than 7-1/4 in. (184 mm) a DVP-HSM-B will be required.

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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>79 mm</td>
<td>121 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trap2</td>
<td>5-1/4 in.</td>
<td>9-1/4 in.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>133 mm</td>
<td>235 mm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 12.9 SLP Series Vent Components
A. Vent Components Diagrams (continued)

Figure 12.10  SLP Series Vent Components

SLK-SNKD
Snorkel
Termination Cap

SLP-CCS-BK
Cathedral Ceiling
Support Box-Black

SLP-TVHW
Vertical
Termination Cap

SLP-DCF-BK
Ceiling Firestop
Black
B. Accessories

Remote Controls, Wall Controls and Wall Switches

Follow the instructions supplied with the control installed to operate your fireplace:

For safety:

- Install a switch lock or a wall/remote control with child protection lockout feature.
- Keep remote controls out of reach of children.

See your dealer if you have questions.

Optional Heat Management Kits

Follow the instructions supplied with the kit for operation.

- Preparation of the appliance for installation of a heat management kit is discussed in Section 6.B.

Contact your dealer if you have questions.